

SAFETY DATA SHEET

	1. Identification	
Product identifier	Zinc Rich Cold Galvanizing Spray (4087-03)
Other means of identification	Not available.	
Recommended use	Coating	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier	/Distributor information	
Manufacturer		
Company name Address	Nu-Calgon 2611 Schuetz Road St. Louis, MO 63043 United States	
Telephone	314-469-7000 / 800-554-5499	
E-mail	Not available.	
Emergency phone number	1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)	
Supplier	See above.	
	2. Hazard identification]
Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas
	Simple asphyxiants	Category 1
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 2
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
WHMIS 2015 defined hazards	Not classified	
Label elements		
Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statement	swallowed and enters airways. May displace of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertilit	nder pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Suspected of ty or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs r cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful if inhaled. ation.
Precautionary statement		
Prevention	and understood. Wear protective gloves, prote Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, or Do not spray on an open flame or other ignitio	handle until all safety precautions have been read active clothing, eye protection and face protection. ben flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. n source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do br in a well-ventilated area. Wash hands thoroughly

Response	 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. Specific treatment (see information on this label). Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	Dispose of container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.
WHMIS 2015: Health Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HHNOC)	None known
WHMIS 2015: Physical Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (PHNOC)	None known
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	6.79% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.
	2 Composition/Information on ingradianta

3. Composition/Information on ingredients

Mixture

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Acetic acid ethyl ester		141-78-6	10-30*
Acetic acid, butyl ester		123-86-4	1-5*
Acetone		67-64-1	10-30*
Aluminum		7429-90-5	1-5*
Butane		106-97-8	5-10*
Distillates (petroleum), light hydrotreated		64742-47-8	5-10*
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	0.1-1*
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-49-0	5-10*
Propane		74-98-6	10-30*
Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate		108-65-6	1-5*
Toluene		108-88-3	5-10*
Xylene		1330-20-7	0.1-1*
Zinc, elemental		7440-66-6	10-30*

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Composition comments	US GHS: The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200. *CANADA GHS: The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.
	4. First-aid measures
Inhalation	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Specific treatment (see information on this label). If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Eye contact	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Ingestion	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Symptoms may be delayed.

the chemical containers with flooding quantilies of water until well after fire is out. Firefighters should wear a self-contained breating apparatus. Special protective equipment and proceutions for firefighters Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Fire-fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed with wear to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles. If possible. If not, with/draw and let fire bur out. Specific methods Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breath feumes. General fire hazards Extremely flammable aerosol. Hazardous combustion products 6. Accidental release measures Personal procautions, products Keep unnecassary personnel away. Keep out of low areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spilledmark. Wear appropriate protective equipment and cloal authorities should be advised i significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protective appropriate should be should as approarian dori instructions for use. Eliminate all ignition sources (no away from spilled material. Stop kat' you can do so without risk. Now they dynamic a scole approare and interview of the SDS. Personal procautions, protective equipment and cleaning up Free unal spilled material. Stop kat' you can do so without risk. Mowe the SDS. Methods	General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Wear suitable protective clothing. Keep out of reach of children. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Do not store at temperatures above 49°C. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking.
Unsuitable extinguishing media Specific hazards arising from Specific methods Specific methods Specif		5. Fire-fighting measures
Media Specific hazards arising from the chemical Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or finane. Containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Firefighters should wear a self-contained breathing apparatus. Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Special protective equipment/instructions In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, with/tarw and let fire burout. Specific methods Use standard frefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breath frumes. General fire hazards Extremely flammable aerosol. Hazardous combustion products 6. Accidental release measures Personal precautions, products 6. Accidental release measures Methods and materials for contained. For pressure building during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Wowe the cylinder to a safe and yay from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Wowe the cylinder to a safe and uperatore. General fire hazards Methods and materials or spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Wowe the	Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide. Fog.
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8. Exposure controls/Personal protection		exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).
		8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA	1440 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
	TWA	713 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	1800 mg/m3	
		750 ppm	
	TWA	1200 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Pyrophoric powder.
		10 mg/m3	Dust.
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1000 ppm	
Distillates (petroleum), light hydrotreated (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Vapor.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	543 mg/m3	
		125 ppm	
	TWA	434 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	1590 mg/m3	
,		400 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1000 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	188 mg/m3	
````		50 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	651 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	434 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA	150 ppm	
Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable.
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Distillates (petroleum), light hydrotreated (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate (CAS 108-65-6)	STEL	75 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	

# Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
	TWA	100 ppm	
Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217	2006, The Workplace Safety	And Health Act)	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA	400 ppm	
Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	

# Canada. New Brunswick OELs: Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) Based on the 1991 and 1997 ACGIH TLVs and BEIs Publication (New Brunswick Regulation 91-191), as amended

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA	1440 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
	TWA	713 mg/m3 150 ppm	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	1728 mg/m3 750 ppm	
	TWA	1188 mg/m3 500 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3 10 mg/m3	Dust.
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3 800 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	543 mg/m3	
		125 ppm	
	TWA	434 mg/m3 100 ppm	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	1590 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	188 mg/m3 50 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	651 mg/m3 150 ppm	
	TWA	434 mg/m3 100 ppm	
Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Components	Exposure to Biological or Chemic Type	al Agents) Value	Form
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA	400 ppm	

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	525 mg/m3	
Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate (CAS 108-65-6)	TWA	270 mg/m3	
,		50 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	

#### Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA	1440 mg/m3	
·		400 ppm	
Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	150 ppm	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	2380 mg/m3 1000 ppm	
	TWA	1190 mg/m3 500 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3 10 mg/m3	Welding fume.
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3 800 ppm	
laphtha (petroleum), ydrotreated light (CAS 4742-49-0)	TWA	1000 mg/m3	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm	
Foluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	188 mg/m3 50 ppm	
(ylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	651 mg/m3 150 ppm	
	TWA	434 mg/m3 100 ppm	

#### Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21)

Components	Туре	Value	Form	
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6)	15 minute	500 ppm		
	8 hour	400 ppm		
Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4)	15 minute	200 ppm		
	8 hour	150 ppm		
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	15 minute	750 ppm		
	8 hour	500 ppm		
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	15 minute	20 mg/m3	Dust.	

Issue date 14-March-2022 Zinc Rich Cold Galvanizing Spray (4087-03)(Canada/US GHS)

Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occu Components	pational Health and Safety Re Type	gulations, 1996, Table 21) Value	Form
		10 mg/m3	Pyrophoric powder.
	8 hour	5 mg/m3 10 mg/m3	Pyrophoric powder. Dust.
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	15 minute	1250 ppm	
	8 hour	1000 ppm	
Distillates (petroleum), light hydrotreated (CAS 64742-47-8)	15 minute	250 mg/m3	Vapor.
	8 hour	200 mg/m3	Vapor.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	15 minute	125 ppm	
	8 hour	100 ppm	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	15 minute	500 ppm	
	8 hour	400 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	15 minute	1250 ppm	
	8 hour	1000 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	15 minute	60 ppm	
	8 hour	50 ppm	
Kylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	15 minute	150 ppm	
· · · · ·	8 hour	100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air C	ontaminants (29 CFR 1910.10)		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6)	PEL	1400 mg/m3	
,		400 ppm	
Acetic acid, butyl ester	PEL	710 mg/m3	
CAS 123-86-4)		150 ppm	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3 15 mg/m3	Respirable fraction. Total dust.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	PEL	400 mg/m3	
5+1+ <b>2-</b> +3-0)		100 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3 100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1	000)		
Components	Туре	Value	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1 Components	000) Туре	Value	Form
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3 15 mg/m3 50 mppcf 15 mppcf	Respirable fraction. Total dust. Total dust. Respirable fraction.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA	400 ppm	
Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	150 ppm	
、	TWA	50 ppm	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemica	l Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS	TWA	1400 mg/m3	
141-78-6)		400 ppm	
Acetic acid, butyl ester	STEL	950 mg/m3	
(CAS 123-86-4)	0122	200 ppm	
	TWA	710 mg/m3	
	TWA	150 ppm	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3 5 mg/m3	Respirable. Welding fume or pyrophoric powder.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3 800 ppm	
Distillates (petroleum), light hydrotreated (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	100 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	
		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3 100 ppm	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	400 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3 150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3 100 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	655 mg/m3 150 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3 100 ppm	

Components Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate (CAS 108-65-6)	<b>Type</b> TWA			<b>alue</b> 0 ppm
Biological limit values				
ACGIH Biological Expos	ure Indices			
Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/L	Acetone	Urine	*
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/L	Toluene Toluene	Urine	*
Value (040,4000,00,7)	0.02 mg/L		Blood	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	-
* - For sampling details, pl	ease see the source docu	iment		
<pre></pre>	Skin decignation			
	, light hydrotreated (CAS	Can be	e absorbed thro	ugh the skin
64742-47-8)	, light hydrotreated (OAO	Carro		
Toluene (CAS 108-88			e absorbed thro	ugh the skin.
Canada - British Columb	•			
Distillates (petroleum) 64742-47-8)	, light hydrotreated (CAS	Can be	e absorbed thro	ugn the skin.
Canada - Quebec OELs:	Skin designation			
Toluene (CAS 108-88			e absorbed thro	ugh the skin.
Canada - Saskatchewan	-			
Distillates (petroleum) 64742-47-8) Toluene (CAS 108-88	, light hydrotreated (CAS		e absorbed thro	-
ppropriate engineering	,			hour) should be used. Ventilation rates
ontrols	should be matched to or other engineering	to conditions. If ap controls to mainta	plicable, use pr in airborne leve	ocess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation els below recommended exposure limits. It irborne levels to an acceptable level.
dividual protection measur				
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses		(or yoyyies).	
Skin protection	lana an da sa d	Confine	able com " "	
Hand protection	Impervious gloves.	•		
Other Despiratory protection			•	ired by employer code.
Respiratory protection	Respirator should be professional followir	Where exposure guideline levels may be exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator. Respirator should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134), CAN/CSA-Z94.4 and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).		
Thermal hazards	Not applicable.			
eneral hygiene onsiderations	as washing after ha	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.		
	9. Physic	al and chemic	al propertie	S
ppearance	Aerosol.			

Appearance	Aerosol.
Physical state	Gas.
Form	Spray
Color	Grey / Black
Odor	Solvent
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.

Melting point/freezing point	Not available.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.	
Pour point	Not available.	
Specific gravity	Not available.	
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.	
Flash point	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	> 1 (Ether = 1)	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.	
Upper/lower flammability or exp	plosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.	
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.	
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.	
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	Not available.	
Vapor density	Not available.	
Relative density	0.923	
Solubility(ies)	Negligible	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
Viscosity	Not available.	
Other information		
VOC	57.52 % by weight	
	10 Stability	and reactivity
		-
Reactivity	This product may react with st	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	-	under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended st	-
Conditions to avoid	(120.2°F).	lls. Aerosol containers are unstable at temperatures above 49°C
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.	
Hazardous decomposition products	May include and are not limite	d to: Oxides of carbon. Oxides of zinc.
	11. Toxicolog	ical information
Routes of exposure	Eye, Skin contact, Inhalation,	Ingestion.
Information on likely routes of e	-	
Ingestion	May cause stomach distress,	nausea or vomiting.
Inhalation	•	damage to organs by inhalation. Narcotic effects.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics		ng, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May ptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness,
Information on toxicological eff	ects	
Acute toxicity	See below.	
Components	Species	Test Results
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-	78-6)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 20000 mg/kg, 24 Hours, ECHA

Components	Species	Test Results
Inhalation	_	
	Rat	> 22.5 mg/L, 6 Hours, ECHA
Oral LD50	Rabbit	4934 mg/kg, ECHA
Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	17600 mg/kg, Health Canada (HSA)
Inhalation	D-4	
LC50 Oral	Rat	5.2 mg/l/4h, Health Canada (HSA)
LD50	Rat	10760 mg/kg, Health Canada (HSA)
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 15800 mg/kg, Health Canada (HSA)
Inhalation LC50	Rat	76 mg/l/4h, Health Canada (HSA)
Oral	nat	/ 0 mg//4n, mean Ganada (mGA)
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg, Health Canada (HSA)
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Not available	
Inhalation LC50	Rat	> 0.9 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, ECHA
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)		
Acute		
Dermal LD50	Not available	
Inhalation	Not available	
LC50	Rat	1443 mg/L, 15 Minutes, ECHA
Oral		-
LD50	Not available	
Distillates (petroleum), light hydro	otreated (CAS 64742-47-8)	
Acute		
Dermal LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours, ECHA
Inhalation	(dob)	2000 mg/kg, 21 moulo, 20 m/
LC50	Rat	> 5.3 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg, ECHA
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)		
<b>Acute</b> Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	17.8 ml/kg, 24 Hours, ECHA
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	17629 mg/m3, 4 Hours, ECHA
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg, ECHA

Components	Species	Test Results
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotre	ated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours, ECHA
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 5610 mg/m3, 4 Hours, ECHA
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg, ECHA
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Not available	
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	1443 mg/L, 15 Minutes, ECHA
Oral		
LD50	Not available	
Propylene glycol methyl ether	acetate (CAS 108-65-6)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg, 24 Hours, ECHA
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 2000 ppm, 4 hours, ECHA
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg, ECHA
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg, 24 Hours, ECHA
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	25.7 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5580 mg/kg, ECHA
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	12126 mg/kg, 24 Hours, ECHA
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	29000 mg/m³, 4 Hours, ECHA
		6700 ppm, 4 Hours, ECHA
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3523 mg/kg, ECHA
Zinc, elemental (CAS 7440-66	-6)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Not available	
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 5.4 mg/l/4h, ECHA
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, ECHA
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Exposure minutes	Not available.	
Erythema value	Not available.	
Oedema value	Not available.	
Oeueilla value		

Ecotoxicity	See below	
	12. Ecologic	al information
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and	-
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure		through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Narcotic effects.	
Teratogenicity	Toluene (benzene, methyl-) has caused fetotoxicity (reduced fetal weight), behavioural effects (effects on learning and memory) and hearing loss (in males). These effects have been observed in the offspring of rats exposed by inhalation to 1200 or 1800 ppm toluene. These effects were observed in the absence of maternal toxicity.	
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertilit	-
Not listed.	<b>. .</b>	
	d Substances (29 CFR 1910.1)	001-1052)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		Volume 47, Volume 71 - 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-4 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		Volume 77 - 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Volume 47, Volume 71 - 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-4	• • •	Detected carcinogenic effect in animals.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100- Canada - Quebec OELs: Car		Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-4 Canada - Manitoba OELs: ca	arcinogenicity	
•	RT: Listed date/Carcinogenic	substance
		humans.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-4	41-4)	A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to
ACGIH Carcinogens		
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.	
Mutagenicity	Non-hazardous by WHMIS/OS	SHA criteria.
Skin sensitization	Not classified.	
Respiratory sensitization	, Not available.	
Acetic acid ethyl ester (C/ Acetic acid, butyl ester (C Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-	AS 123-86-4)	Irritant Irritant Irritant
Canada - Alberta OELs: Irrita		
Respiratory or skin sensitizatior	1	
Recover days	Not available.	
Conjunctival oedema value	Not available.	
Conjunctival reddening value	Not available.	
Iris lesion value	Not available.	
Corneal opacity value	Not available.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	

Ecotoxicity	See below	N	
Ecotoxicological data Components		Species	Test Results
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS	141-78-6)		
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	560 mg/L, 48 Hours
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Indian catfish (Heteropneustes fossilis)	200.32 - 225.42 mg/L, 96 hours
Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS	6 123-86-4)		
Algae	IC50	Algae	674.7 mg/L, 72 Hours
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas	)17 - 19 mg/L, 96 hours

Compone			Species	Test Results
•	CAS 67-64-1)	5050		40000 // 40.11
	Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	13999 mg/L, 48 Hours
	Aquatic	5050	Mater flag (Derkrig magna)	40004 47704 mm/ 40 hours
-	Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	10294 - 17704 mg/L, 48 hours
F	ish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/L, 96 hours
Aluminum	(CAS 7429-90-5)			
Α	quatic			
F	ish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	0.16 mg/L, 96 hours
Distillates	(petroleum), light hydro	treated (CAS 6		
A	quatic			
F	ïsh	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.9 mg/L, 96 hours
Ethylbenze	ene (CAS 100-41-4)			
-	lgae	IC50	Algae	4.6 mg/L, 72 Hours
C	Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	2.1 mg/L, 48 Hours
А	quatic			
	rustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/L, 48 hours
F	ish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/L, 96 hours
Naphtha (j	petroleum), hydrotreate	d light (CAS 64	1742-49-0)	
A	quatic			
C	Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	2.7 - 5.1 mg/L, 48 hours
F	ïsh	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.8 mg/L, 96 hours
				8.8 mg/L, 96 hours
Propylene	glycol methyl ether ace	etate (CAS 108	-65-6)	
C	Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	500 mg/L, 48 Hours
Foluene (C	CAS 108-88-3)			
А	lgae	IC50	Algae	433 mg/L, 72 Hours
C	Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	7.645 mg/L, 48 Hours
A	quatic			
C	Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/L, 48 hours
F	ïsh	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/L, 96 hours
Kylene (C	AS 1330-20-7)			
A	quatic			
F	ish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/L, 96 hours
Zinc, elem	ental (CAS 7440-66-6)			
А	lgae	IC50	Algae	0.191 mg/L, 72 Hours
C	Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	0.524 mg/L, 48 Hours
	quatic			
F	ïsh	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	0.56 mg/L, 96 hours
Persisten	ce and degradability	No data is a	vailable on the degradability of this product.	
Bioaccum	nulative potential	No data ava	ilable.	
Mobility i	n soil	No data available.		
Nobility i	n general	Not available.		
Other adv	verse effects	No other ad potential, er	verse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depl	etion, photochemical ozone cre

	13. Disposal considerations		
Disposal instructions	Consult authorities before disposal. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this materia to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemica or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.		
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.		
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.		
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).		
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Do not re-use empty containers.		
	14. Transport information		
Transport of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Proof of Classification	Classification Method: Classified as per Part 2, Sections 2.1 – 2.8 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations. If applicable, the technical name and the classification of the product will appear below.		
General	IATA: See special provisions to determine the packaging requirements and exemptions.		
U.S. Department of Transportation	on (DOT)		
Basic shipping requirements	S:		
UN number	UN1950		
Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)		
Hazard class	Limited Quantity - US		
Transportation of Dangerous Go	oods (TDG - Canada)		
Basic shipping requirement	S:		
UN number	UN1950		
Proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable		
Hazard class	Limited Quantity - Canada		
Packaging exceptions IATA/ICAO (Air)	<1L - Limited Quantity		
Basic shipping requirement	S:		
UN number	UN1950		
Proper shipping name Hazard class	Aerosols, flammable Limited Quantity - IATA		
<1L - Limited Quantity			
IMDG (Marine Transport)			
Basic shipping requirement			
UN number	UN1950		
Proper shipping name Hazard class	AEROSOLS, flammable Limited Quantity - IMDG		
<1L - Limited Quantity			
DOT; IMDG; TDG			



#### 15. Regulatory information

	15. Regulate	ory information
Canadian federal regulations		fied in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.
Canada CEPA Schedule I: L	isted substance	
Zinc, elemental (CAS 744	40-66-6)	Listed.
Canada DSL Challenge Sub	stances: Listed substance	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)		Listed.
Canada NPRI VOCs with Ad	ditional Reporting Requirement	ents: Mass reporting threshold/Identification Number
Acetic acid ethyl ester (C	AS 141-78-6)	1 TONNES
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)		1 TONNES
Distillates (petroleum), lig 64742-47-8)		1 TONNES
Naphtha (petroleum), hyc 64742-49-0)	drotreated light (CAS	1 TONNES
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)		1 TONNES
	ether acetate (CAS 108-65-6)	1 TONNES
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		1 TONNES 1 TONNES
	s List (Second List): Listed su	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90		Listed.
Zinc, elemental (CAS 7429-90		Listed.
Export Control List (CEPA 1	,	
Not listed.	. ,	
Greenhouse Gases		
Not listed.		
Precursor Control Regulation	ons	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		Class B
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		Class B
WHMIS 2015 Exemptions	Not applicable	
US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200	Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication ).
All components are on the		S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.
	Notification (40 CFR 707, Sub	ppt. D)
Zinc, elemental (CAS 7440-66-6)		1.0 % Annual Export Notification required.
CERCLA Hazardous Substa	nce List (40 CFR 302.4)	
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6)		Listed.
Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4)		Listed.
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		Listed.
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)		Listed.
Distillates (petroleum), light hydrotreated (CAS 64742-47-8)		Listed.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-		Listed.
Naphtha (petroleum), hyc 64742-49-0)	arotreated light (CAS	Listed.
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)		Listed.

Not regulated.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

## OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not listed.

Listed.

Listed.

Listed.

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance	No
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	Yes
Classified hazard categories	Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Gas under pressure Acute toxicity (any route of exposure) Skin corrosion or irritation Serious eye damage or eye irritation Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) Aspiration hazard Simple asphyxiant

#### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Aluminum	7429-90-5	1-5*
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1-1*
Toluene	108-88-3	5-10*
Zinc, elemental	7440-66-6	10-30*

#### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

#### US state regulations

US

#### US - California Hazardous Substances (Director's): Listed substance

	Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6)	Listed.
	Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4)	Listed.
	Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	Listed.
	Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	Listed.
	Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	Listed.
	Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.
	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS	Listed.
	64742-49-0)	
	Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed.
	Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	Listed.
	Zinc, elemental (CAS 7440-66-6)	Listed.
;	- Illinois Chemical Safety Act: Listed substance	
	Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6)	
	Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4)	
	Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	
	Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	
	Distillates (petroleum), light hydrotreated (CAS 64742-47-	8)
	Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Zinc, elemental (CAS 7440-66-6)

### US - Louisiana Spill Reporting: Listed substance

Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6) Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4) Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Distillates (petroleum), light hydrotreated (CAS 64742-47-8)	Listed. Listed. Listed. Listed.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	Listed. Listed.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Zinc, elemental (CAS 7440-66-6)	Listed. Listed. Listed.

US - Michigan Critical Materials Register: Parameter nun	bor
	ibei
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	
Zinc, elemental (CAS 7440-66-6)	
US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Listed substance	
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6)	Listed.
Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4)	Listed.
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	Listed.
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5) Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	Listed.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-97-6)	Listed. Listed.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS	Listed.
64742-49-0)	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	Listed.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) US - North Carolina Toxic Air Pollutants: Listed substant	Listed.
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6)	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	
US - Texas Effects Screening Levels Hazard Data: Simple	e asphyxiant
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	
US - Texas Effects Screening Levels: Listed substance	
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6)	Listed.
Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4)	Listed.
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	Listed.
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	Listed.
Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Distillates (petroleum), light hydrotreated (CAS	Listed. Listed.
64742-47-8)	Listeu.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS	Listed.
64742-49-0)	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	Listed.
Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate (CAS 108-65-6) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed. Listed.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	Listed.
Zinc, elemental (CAS 7440-66-6)	Listed.
US - Washington Chemical of High Concern to Children:	Listed substance
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	
US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List	
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6)	
Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4) Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	
Distillates (petroleum), light hydrotreated (CAS 64742-4	7-8)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0)
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49- Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	-0)
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	
Zinc, elemental (CAS 7440-66-6)	
US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know A	Act
Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6)	
Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4)	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	
Distillates (petroleum), light hydrotreated (CAS 64742-47	7-8)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-	-0)
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	
Zinc, elemental (CAS 7440-66-6)	

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6) Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4) Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5) Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Distillates (petroleum), light hydrotreated (CAS 64742-47-8) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Zinc, elemental (CAS 7440-66-6)

#### US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetic acid ethyl ester (CAS 141-78-6) Acetic acid, butyl ester (CAS 123-86-4) Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5) Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Distillates (petroleum), light hydrotreated (CAS 64742-47-8) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Zinc, elemental (CAS 7440-66-6)

#### **US. California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

#### Inventory status

Country(s) or region	Inventory name On inventory (y	/es/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory		Yes
*A "Yes" indicates that all compo	nents of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)	

16. Other information

I EGEND	
Severe	4
Serious	3
Moderate	2
Slight	1
Minimal	0

#### Disclaimer

HEALTH	* 2	
FLAMMABILITY	4	2
PHYSICAL HAZAR	D 0	
PERSONAL PROTECTION	X	

The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. Information contained herein was obtained from sources considered technically accurate and reliable. While every effort has been made to ensure full disclosure of product hazards, in some cases data is not available and is so stated. Since conditions of actual product use are beyond control of the supplier, it is assumed that users of this material have been fully trained according to the requirements of all applicable legislation and regulatory instruments. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made and supplier will not be liable for any losses, injuries or consequential damages which may result from the use of or reliance on any information contained in this document

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Issue date	14-March-2022
Version #	03
Effective date	14-March-2022
Prepared by	Nu-Calgon Technical Service Phone: (314) 469-7000
Further information	Not available.

#### #26241

For an updated SDS, please contact the supplier/manufacturer listed on the first page of the document.