

WeatherMaster® 50HC17-28 Single Package Rooftop Cooling Only Unit Horizontal Airflow with Puron[®] (R-410A) Refrigerant

Installation Instructions

CONTENTS

Page
SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS
Rated Indoor Airflow (cfm)2
INSTALLATION
Jobsite Survey
Step 1 — Plan for Unit Location
Step 2 — Plan for Sequence of Unit Installation . 9
Step 3 — Inspect Unit
Step 4 — Provide Unit Support
Step 5 — Field Fabricate Ductwork 14 Step 6 — Rig and Place Unit 14
Step 7 — Horizontal Duct Connection
Step 8 — Install Outside Air Hood — Factory
Option 15
Öption
Line
Step 10 — Make Electrical Connections
Electric Heaters
Humidi-MiZer [®] System Control Connections 23
EconoMi\$er® X (Factory-Installed Option) 25
Low Ambient Control (Factory Option)
Staged Air Volume (SAV) with Variable Frequency Drive (Factory Option)
PremierLink Controller (Factory Option)
Field Connections
Economizer Controls
RTU Open Control System
Field Connections
Communication Wiring — Protocols
Outdoor Air Enthalpy Control
Smoke Detectors
Step 11 — Adjust Factory-Installed Options 59
Step 12 — Install Accessories 59 Step 13 — Check Belt Tension 59
Pre-Start and Start-Up
START-UP CHECKLIST

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service, maintenance, or use can cause explosion, fire, electrical shock or other conditions which may cause personal injury or property damage. Consult a qualified installer, service agency, or your distributor or branch for information or assistance. The qualified installer or agency must use factory-authorized kits or accessories when modifying this product. Refer to the individual instructions packaged with the kits or accessories when installing.

Follow all safety codes. Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Use quenching cloths for brazing operations and have a fire extinguisher available. Read these instructions thoroughly and follow all warnings or cautions attached to the unit. Consult local building codes and appropriate national electrical codes (in USA, ANSI/NFPA 70, National Electrical Code (NEC); in Canada, CSA C22.1) for special requirements.

It is important to recognize safety information. This is the safety-alert symbol \triangle . When you see this symbol on the unit and in instructions or manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Understand the signal words DANGER, WARNING, CAU-TION, and NOTE. These words are used with the safety-alert symbol. DANGER identifies the most serious hazards which **will** result in severe personal injury or death. WARNING signifies hazards which **could** result in personal injury or death. CAUTION is used to identify unsafe practices, which **may** result in minor personal injury or product and property damage. NOTE is used to highlight suggestions which **will** result in enhanced installation, reliability, or operation.

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury or death.

Before performing service or maintenance operations on unit, always turn off main power switch to unit and install lock(s) and lockout tag(s). Unit may have more than one power switch.

UNIT OPERATION AND SAFETY HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury, death and/or equipment damage.

Puron (R-410A) refrigerant systems operate at higher pressures than standard R-22 systems. Do not use R-22 service equipment or components on Puron refrigerant equipment.

PERSONAL INJURY AND ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury or death.

Relieve pressure and recover all refrigerant before system repair or final unit disposal.

Wear safety glasses and gloves when handling refrigerants. Keep torches and other ignition sources away from refrigerants and oils.

CUT HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personal injury.

Sheet metal parts may have sharp edges or burrs. Use care and wear appropriate protective clothing, safety glasses and gloves when handling parts and servicing air-conditioning equipment. **Rated Indoor Airflow (cfm)** — The table below lists the rated indoor airflow used for the AHRI efficiency rating for the units covered in this document.

MODEL NUMBER	FULL LOAD AIRFLOW (CFM)
50HC*D17	4900
50HC*D20	5700
50HC*D24	6500
50HC*D28	8125

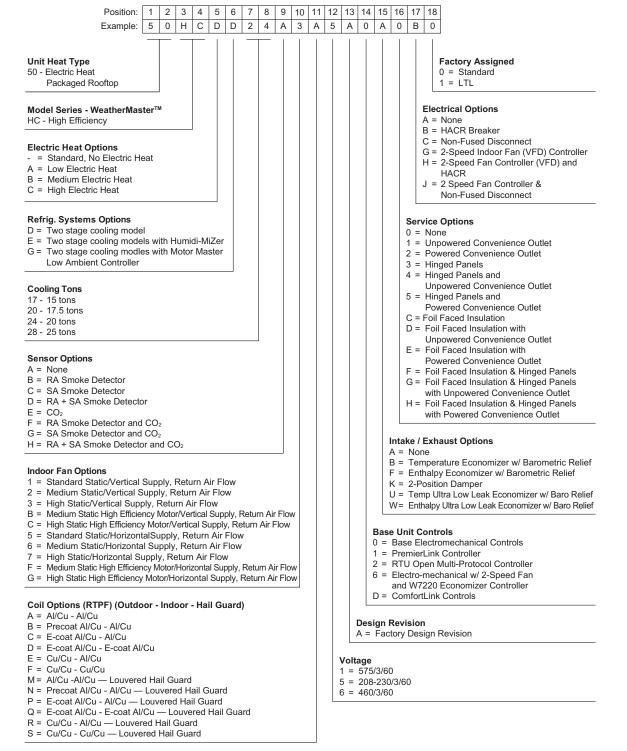


Fig. 1 — 50HC 17-28 Model Number Nomenclature (Example)

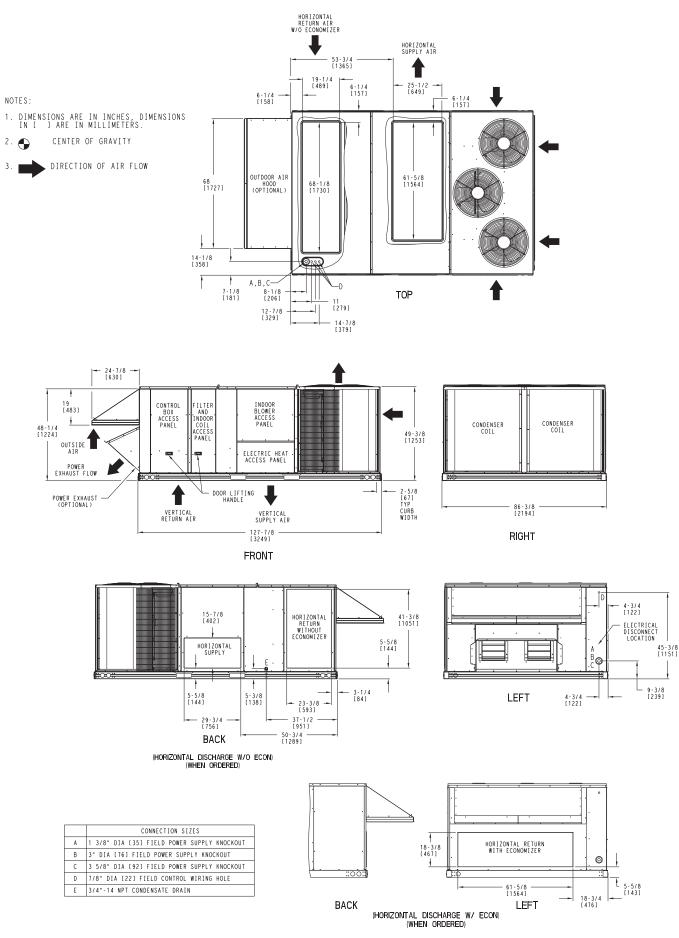
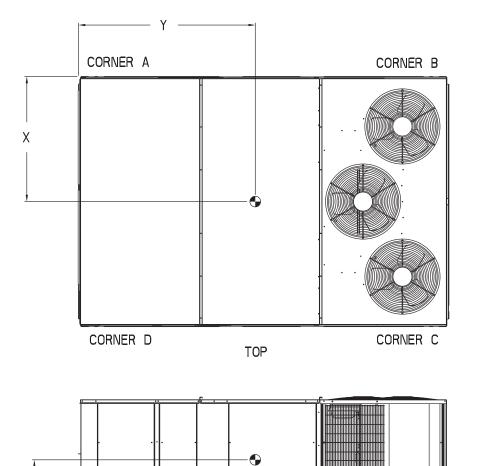


Fig. 2 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — 17 Size Unit

UNIT	STD U WEIG	JNIT HT *	COR WEIGH		COR WEIGH	NER T (B)	COR WEIGH	NER T (C)	COR WEIGH	NER T(D)		C.G.	
	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	Х	Y	Z
17	1793	815	375	170	419	191	528	240	472	214	48 [1219]	67 3/8 [1711]	16 1/2 [419]

* STANDARD UNIT WEIGHT IS WITHOUT ELECTRIC HEAT AND WITHOUT PACKAGING. FOR OTHER OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES, REFER TO THE PRODUCT DATA CATALOG.



FRONT

Fig. 2 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — 17 Size Unit (cont)

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Ζ

#00#

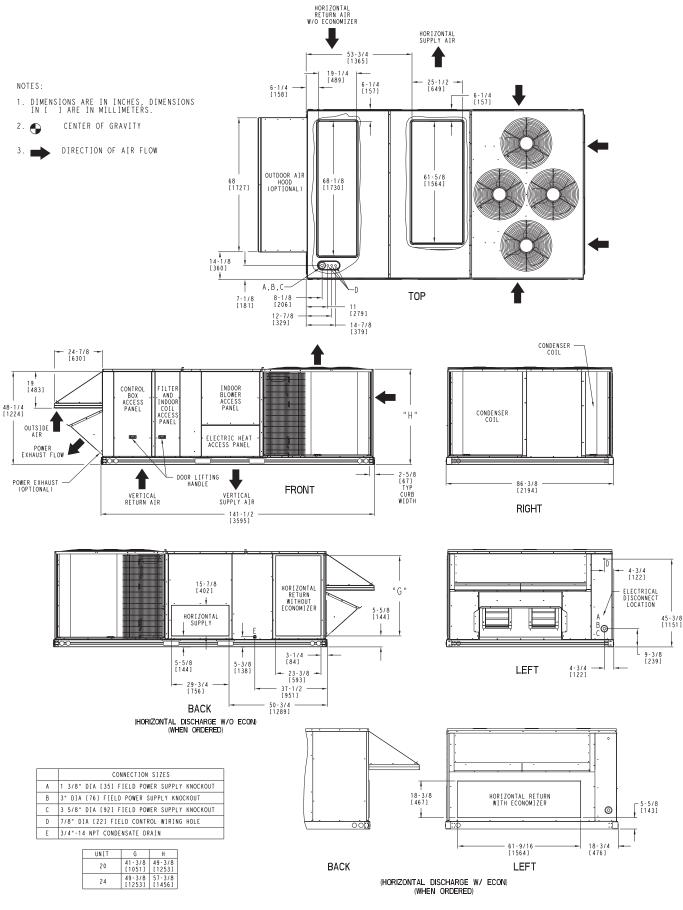


Fig. 3 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — 20 and 24 Size Units

UNIT	STD. WEIG	UNIT HT *	COR WEIGH	NER T(A)	COR WEIGH	NER T (B)	COR WEIGH	NER T (C)	COR WEIGH	NER T (D)		C.G.	
	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	Х	Y	Z
20	2003	911	445	202	367	167	557	253	547	249	47 1/2 [1207]	71 1/4 [1810]	16 1/2 [419]
24	2148	976	510	232	525	238	564	257	549	250	44 5/8 [1133]	71 5/8 [1819]	19 [483]

* STANDARD UNIT WEIGHT IS WITHOUT ELECTRIC HEAT AND WITHOUT PACKAGING. FOR OTHER OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES, REFER TO THE PRODUCT DATA CATALOG.

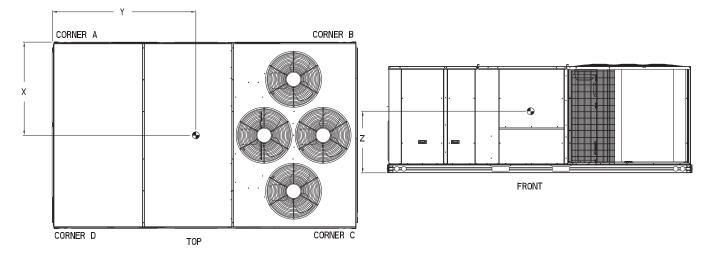


Fig. 3 —Unit Dimensional Drawing — 20 and 24 Size Units (cont)

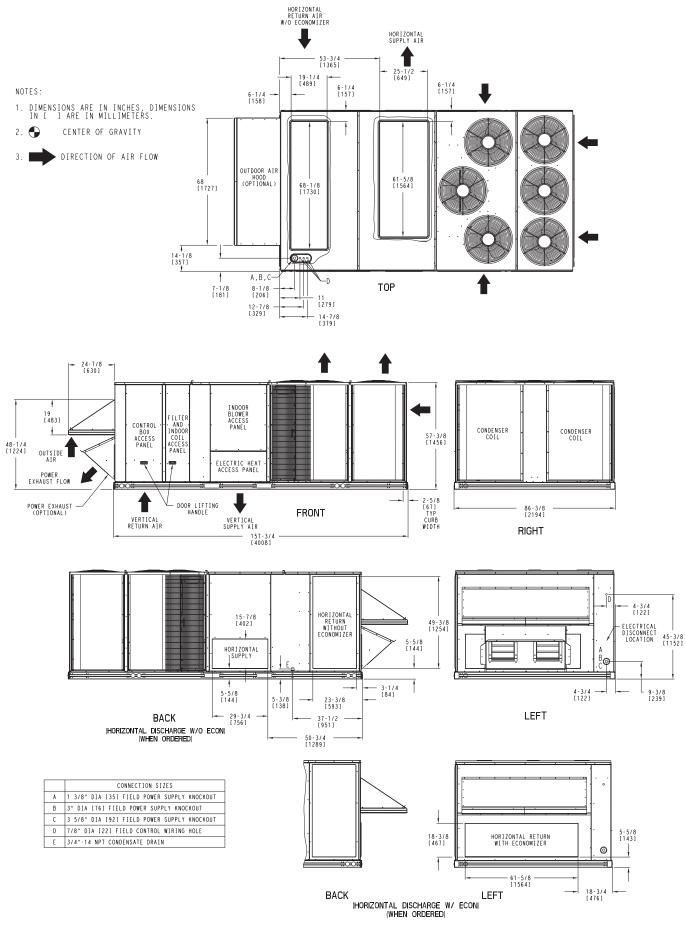


Fig. 4 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — 28 Size Unit

UNIT	STD L WEIG	JNIT HT *	COR WEIGH	NER T (A)	COR WEIGH		COR WEIGH		COR WEIGH	NER T (D)		C.G.	
	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	Х	Y	Z
28	2193	997	545	248	528	240	551	251	569	259	44 [1118]	77 1/2 [1969]	19 [483]

* STANDARD UNIT WEIGHT IS WITHOUT ELECTRIC HEAT AND WITHOUT PACKAGING. FOR OTHER OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES, REFER TO THE PRODUCT DATA CATALOG.

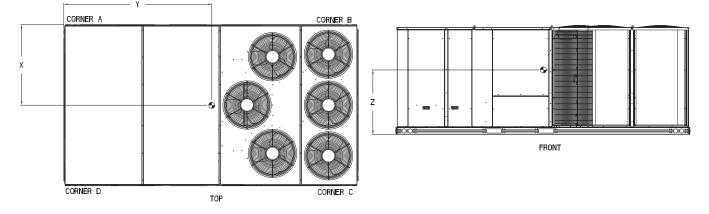


Fig. 4 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — 28 Size Unit (cont)

INSTALLATION

Jobsite Survey — Complete the following checks before installation.

- 1. Consult local building codes and the NEC (National Electrical Code) ANSI/NFPA 70 for special installation requirements.
- 2. Determine unit location (from project plans) or select unit location.
- 3. Check for possible overhead obstructions which may interfere with unit lifting or rigging.

Step 1 — **Plan for Unit Location** — Select a location for the unit and its support system (curb or other) that provides for at least the minimum clearances required for safety. This includes the clearance to combustible surfaces, unit performance and service access below, around and above unit as specified in unit drawings. See Fig. 5.

NOTE: Consider also the effect of adjacent units.

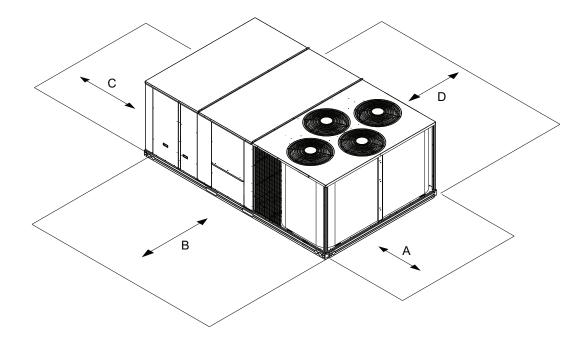
Be sure that the unit is installed such that snow will not block the combustion air intake or flue outlet.

Unit may be installed directly on wood flooring or on Class A, B, or C roof-covering material when roof curb is used.

Do not install unit in an indoor location. Do not locate air inlets near exhaust vents, relief valves, or other sources of contaminated air.

Although unit is weatherproof, avoid locations that permit water from higher level runoff and overhangs to fall onto the unit.

Select a unit mounting system that provides adequate height to allow installation of condensate trap per requirements. Refer to Step 9 — Install External Condensate Trap and Line for required trap dimensions.



LOCATION	DIMENSION	CONDITION
А	48-in. (1219 mm) 18-in. (457 mm) 18-in. (457) mm 12-in. (305 mm)	Unit disconnect is mounted on panel No disconnect, convenience outlet option Recommended service clearance Minimum clearance
В	42-in. (1067 mm) 36-in. (914 mm) Special	Surface behind servicer is grounded (e.g., metal, masonry wall) Surface behind servicer is electrically non-conductive (e.g., wood, fiberglass) Check sources of flue products within 10-ft of unit fresh air intake hood
С	36-in. (914 mm) 18-in. (457 mm)	Side condensate drain is used Minimum clearance
D	48-in. (1219 mm) 42-in. (1067 mm) 36-in. (914 mm) Special	No flue discharge accessory installed, surface is combustible material Surface behind servicer is grounded (e.g., metal, masonry wall, another unit) Surface behind servicer is electrically non-conductive (e.g., wood, fiberglass) Check for adjacent units or building fresh air intakes within 10-ft (3 m) of this unit's flue outlet

NOTE: Unit not designed to have overhead obstruction. Contact Application Engineering for guidance on any application planning overhead obstruction or for vertical clearances.

Fig. 5 — Service Clearance Dimensional Drawing

ROOF MOUNT — Check building codes for weight distribution requirements. Unit operating weight is shown in Table 1.

Step 2 — Plan for Sequence of Unit Installa-

tion — The support method used for this unit will dictate different sequences for the steps of unit installation. For example, on curb-mounted units, some accessories must be installed on the unit before the unit is placed on the curb. Review the following for recommended sequences for installation steps.

CURB-MOUNTED INSTALLATION

Install curb

Install field-fabricated ductwork inside curb

Install accessory thru-base service connection package (affects curb and unit)

Rig and place unit

Remove top skid

- Install outside air hood
- Install smoke detector tube
- Install condensate line trap and piping
- Make electrical connections
- Install other accessories

PAD-MOUNTED INSTALLATION

Prepare pad and unit supports Rig and place unit Remove duct covers and top skid Install Return Air smoke detector sensor tube Install field-fabricated ductwork at unit duct openings Install outside air hood Install condensate line trap and piping Make electrical connections Install other accessories

Table 1 — Operating Weights

50HC**	UNITS LB (KG)							
COMPONENT	17	20	24	28				
Base Unit	1892 (858)	2102 (954)	2247 (1019)	2292 (1040)				
Economizer	246 (112)	246 (112)	246 (112)	246 (112)				
Powered Outlet	35 (16)	35 (16)	35 (16)	35 (16)				
Humidi-MiZer [®] System	110 (50)	120 (54)	120 (54)	120 (54)				
Curb								
14-in./356 mm	240 (109)	255 (116)	255 (116)	273 (124)				
24-in./610 mm	340 (154)	355 (161)	355 (161)	355 (161)				

FRAME-MOUNTED INSTALLATION — Frame-mounted applications generally follow the sequence for a curb installation. Adapt as required to suit specific installation plan.

Step 3 — **Inspect Unit** — Inspect unit for transportation damage. File any claim with transportation agency.

Confirm before installation of unit that voltage, amperage and circuit protection requirements listed on unit data plate agree with power supply provided.

On units with hinged panel option, check to be sure all latches are tight and in closed position.

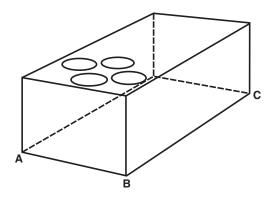
Locate the carton containing the outside air hood parts; see Fig. 7 and 13. Do not remove carton until unit has been rigged and located in final position.

Step 4 — Provide Unit Support

ROOF CURB MOUNT — Accessory roof curb details and dimensions are shown in Fig. 8-10. Assemble and install accessory roof curb in accordance with instructions shipped with the curb.

NOTE: The gasketing of the unit to the roof curb is critical for a watertight seal. Install gasket supplied with the roof curb as shown in Fig. 8-10. Improperly applied gasket can also result in air leaks and poor unit performance.

Curb should be level. This is necessary for unit drain to function properly. Unit leveling tolerances are shown in Fig. 6. Refer to Accessory Roof Curb Installation Instructions for additional information as required.



MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DIFFERENCE IN. (MM)

A-B	B-C	A-C
0.25" (6)	0.5" (12)	0.5" (12)

Fig. 6 — Unit Leveling Tolerances

Install insulation, cant strips, roofing felt, and counter flashing as shown. Ductwork must be attached to curb and not to the unit. Thru-the-base power connection must be installed before the unit is set on the roof curb.

If electric and control wiring is to be routed through the basepan, remove knockouts in basepan located in control box area of access panel; see Fig. 2, 3, or 4 for basepan knockout locations for location. Attach the service connections to the basepan.

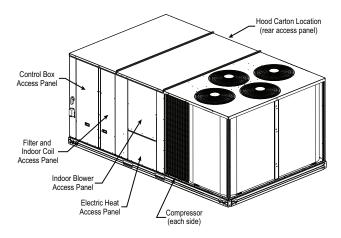
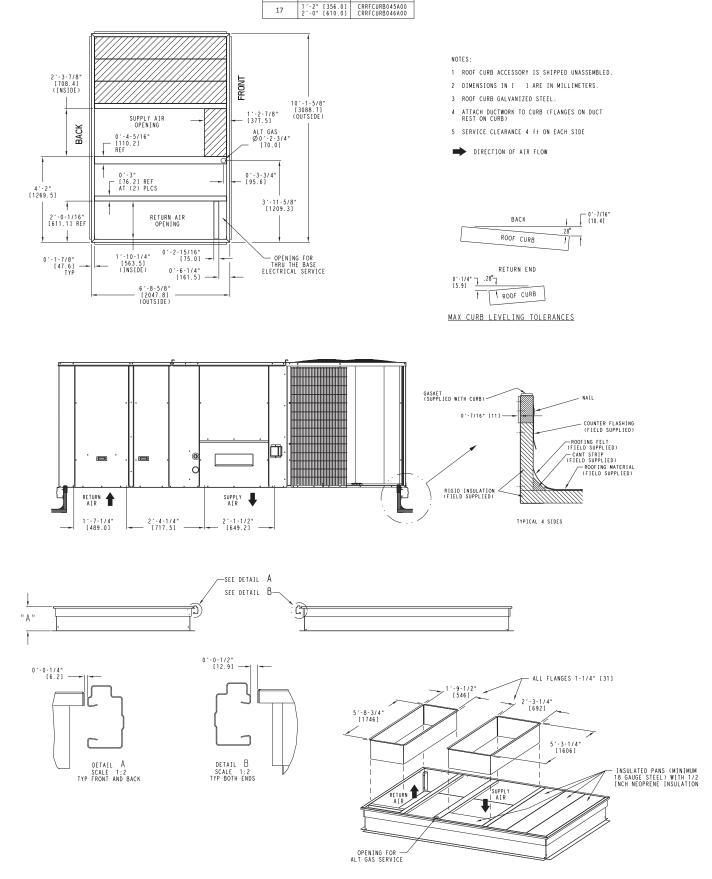


Fig. 7 — Typical Access Panel and Compressor Locations

SLAB MOUNT (HORIZONTAL UNITS ONLY) — Provide a level concrete slab that extends a minimum of 6 in. (150 mm) beyond unit cabinet. Install a gravel apron in front of condenser coil air inlet to prevent grass and foliage from obstructing airflow.

NOTE: Horizontal units may be installed on a roof curb if required.

ALTERNATE UNIT SUPPORT (IN LIEU OF CURB OR SLAB MOUNT) — A non-combustible sleeper rail can be used in the unit curb support area. If sleeper rails cannot be used, support the long sides of the unit with a minimum of 3 equally spaced 4-in. x 4-in. (102 mm x 102 mm) pads on each side. Locate pads so that they support the rails. Make sure to avoid the fork openings.



ROOF CURB ACCESSORY

UNIT SIZE

" A "

Fig. 8 — Roof Curb Details — 17 Size Unit

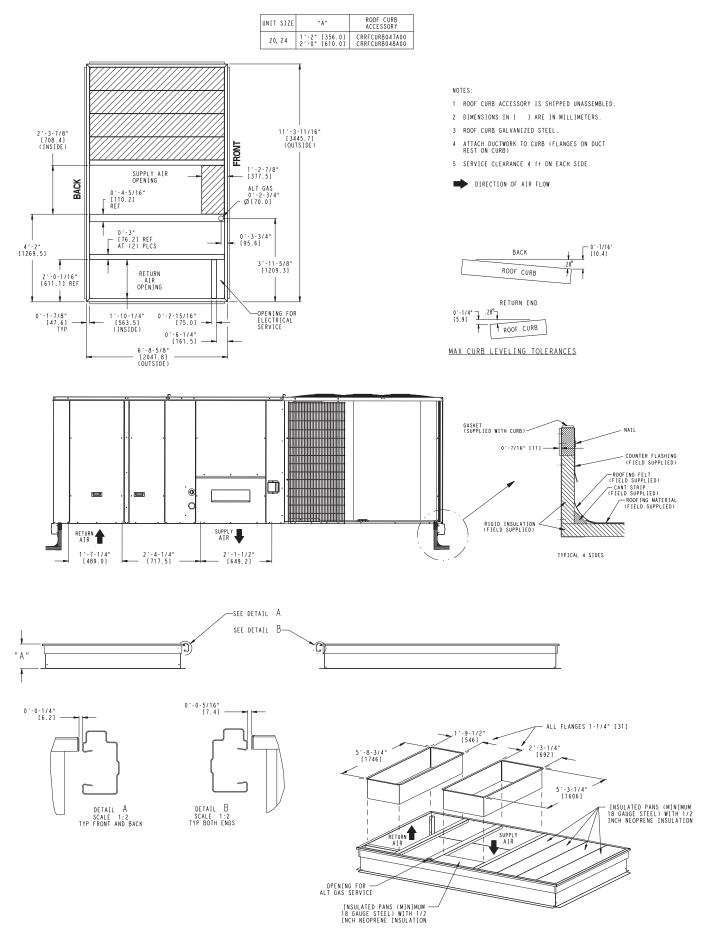


Fig. 9 — Roof Curb Details — 20 and 24 Size Units

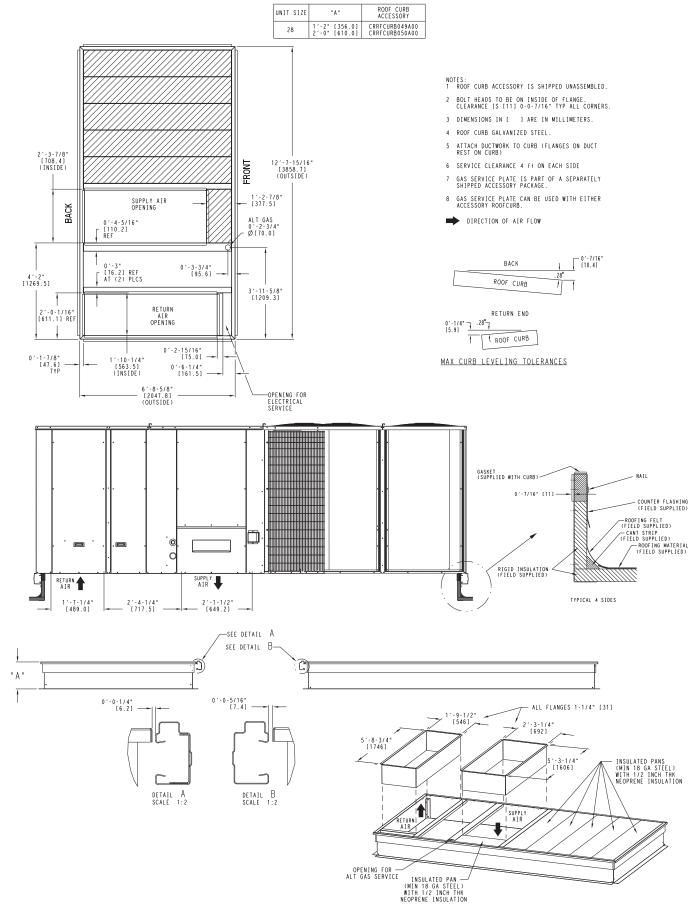


Fig. 10 — Roof Curb Details — 28 Size Unit

Step 5 — **Field Fabricate Ductwork** — Cabinet return-air static pressure (a negative condition) shall not exceed 0.5 in. wg (87 Pa) with economizer or without economizer.

For vertical ducted applications, secure all ducts to roof curb and building structure. *Do not connect ductwork to unit.*

Fabricate supply ductwork so that the cross sectional dimensions are equal to or greater than the unit supply duct opening dimensions for the first 18 in. (458 mm) of duct length from the unit basepan.

Insulate and weatherproof all external ductwork, joints, and roof openings with counter flashing and mastic in accordance with applicable codes.

Ducts passing through unconditioned spaces must be insulated and covered with a vapor barrier.

If a plenum return is used on a vertical unit, the return should be ducted through the roof deck to comply with applicable fire codes.

PROPERTY DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in damage to roofing materials.

Membrane roofs can be cut by sharp sheet metal edges. Be careful when placing any sheet metal parts on such roof.

For units with optional or accessory electric heaters:

Minimum clearance is not required around ductwork.

PERSONAL INJURY HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury.

For vertical supply and return units, tools or parts could drop into ductwork and cause an injury. Install a 90-degree turn in the return ductwork between the unit and the conditioned space. If a 90-degree elbow cannot be installed, then a grille of sufficient strength and density should be installed to prevent objects from falling into the conditioned space. Due to electric heater, supply duct will require 90-degree elbow. **Step 6** — **Rig and Place Unit** — Keep unit upright and do not drop. Spreader bars are not required if top crating is left on unit. Rollers may be used to move unit across a roof. Level by using unit frame as a reference. See Table 1 (on page 10) and Fig. 11 for additional information.

Lifting holes are provided in base rails as shown in Fig. 8-10. Refer to rigging instructions on unit.

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in equipment damage.

All panels must be in place when rigging. Unit is not designed for handling by fork truck when panels or packaging are removed.

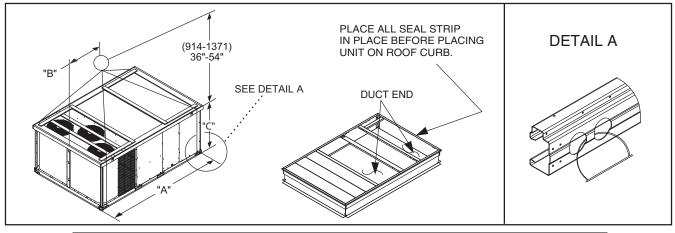
Before setting the unit onto the curb, recheck gasketing on curb.

POSITIONING ON CURB — Position unit on roof curb so that the following clearances are maintained: 1/4 in. (6 mm) clearance between the roof curb and the base rail inside the right and left, 1/2 in. (12 mm) clearance between the roof curb and the base rail inside the front and back. This will result in the distance between the roof curb and the base rail inside on the condenser end of the unit being approximately equal to Details A and B in Fig. 8-10.

Do not attempt to slide unit on curb after unit is set. Doing so will result in damage to the roof curb seal.

Although unit is weatherproof, guard against water from higher level runoff and overhangs.

After unit is in position, remove rigging skids and shipping materials.



	MAX W		DIMENSIONS						
UNIT		EIGHT	Α		В		С		
	lb	kg	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	
50HC**17	2212	1003	127.8	3249	58.7	1491	52.3	1328	
50HC**20	2422	1099	141.5	3595	71.5	1816	52.3	1328	
50HC**24	2572	1167	141.5	3595	71.5	1816	60.3	1532	
50HC**28	2621	1189	157.8	4007	80.3	2040	60.3	1532	

NOTES:

1. Dimensions in () are in millimeters.

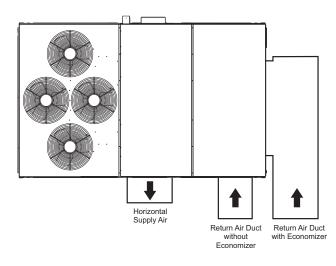
2. Hook rigging shackles through holes in base rail, as shown in detail "A." Holes in base rails are centered around the unit center of gravity. Use wooden top to prevent rigging straps from damaging unit.

Fig. 11 — Rigging Details

Step 7 — **Horizontal Duct Connection** — Refer to Fig. 2-4 for locations and sizes of the horizontal duct connections. Note that there are two different return air duct connection locations – one for unit without an economizer (on back side of unit) and a different one for unit equipped with an economizer (on left end, under the economizer hood). The supply air duct connection is on the back side. See Fig. 12 for top view depicting typical horizontal duct arrangements.

Field-supplied $({}^{3}/_{4}$ in.) flanges should be attached to horizontal duct openings (see Fig. 12) and all ductwork should be secured to the flanges. Insulate and weatherproof all external ductwork, joints, and roof or building openings with counter flashing and mastic in accordance with applicable codes.

Step 8 — **Install Outside Air Hood** — **Factory Option** — The outside air hood for factory-option economizer and two-position damper is shipped in knock-down form and requires field assembly. The panel for the hood top is shipped on the end of the unit (see Fig. 13). The remaining parts for the hood assembly (including side panels, filters and tracks) are shipped in a carton that is secured to the rear of the blower assembly. Access the carton location through rear panel (see Fig. 14).



	SUPPLY	RETURN WITHOUT ECONOMIZER	RETURN WITH ECONOMIZER	
Location	Back	Back	Left end	
Height - in. (mm)	15 ⁷ / ₈ (402)	49 ³ / ₈ (1253)	18 ³ / ₈ (467)	
Width - in. (mm)	293/4 (756)	23 ³ / ₈ (593)	61 ⁵ / ₈ (1564)	

Fig. 12 — Horizontal Duct Opening Dimensions

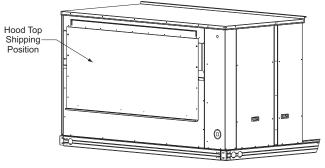


Fig. 13 — Hood Top — Shipping Position

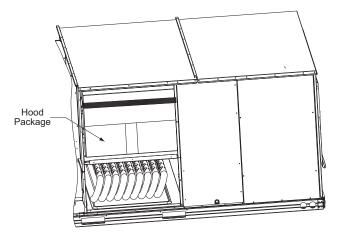


Fig. 14 — Hood Package — Shipping Location

To remove the hood parts package:

- 1. Remove the back blower access panel.
- 2. Locate and cut the strap, being careful to not damage any wiring.
- 3. Carefully lift the hood package carton through the back blower access opening.

See Fig. 15 for identification of the various parts of the hood assembly.

To assemble the outside air hood:

- 1. Remove hood top panel from shipping position on unit end.
- 2. Install four angles to the upper end panel using the screws provided.
- 3. Apply seal strip to mating flanges on the side plates of the hood (see Fig. 15).

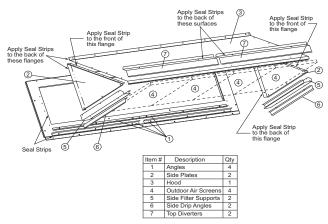


Fig. 15 — Hood Part Identification and Seal Strip Application Areas

- 4. Secure side plates to panel using the screws provided.
- 5. Apply seal strip to mating flange of the hood (see Fig. 15).
- 6. Secure top flange using screws provided in kit.
- 7. Install outdoor air screens by sliding them into the channel formed by the four angles installed in Step 2. Make sure that the screens extend across the entire length of the hood.
- 8. Install side filter supports using the screws provided.
- 9. Install side drip angles using the screws provided.
- 10. Run a continuous length of seal strip across the hood covering the engagement holes in the lower hood.
- 11. Install top diverter using the screws provided.
- 12. On units with barometric relief, remove screws at bottom of relief damper. **Do not discard damper door.**

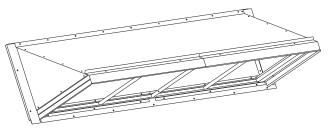


Fig. 16 — Hood Assembly — Completed

Step 9 — **Install External Condensate Trap and Line** — The unit has one ³/₄-in. condensate drain connection on the end of the condensate pan (see Fig. 17). See Fig. 2-4, item "E", in the view labeled "BACK (HORIZON-TAL DISCHARGE)" for the location of the condensate drain connection.

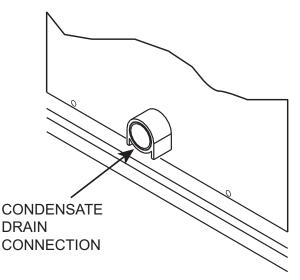
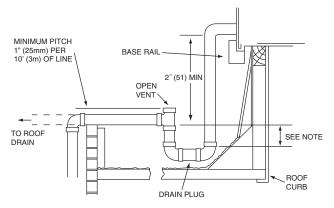


Fig. 17 — Condensate Drain Pan Connection

The piping for the condensate drain and external trap can be completed after the unit is in place. Hand tighten fittings to the drain pan fitting. Provide adequate support for the drain line. Failure to do so can result in damage to the drain pan. See Fig. 18.



NOTE: Trap should be deep enough to offset maximum unit static difference. A 4" (102) trap is recommended

Fig. 18 — Condensate Drain Piping Details

All units must have an external trap for condensate drainage. Install a trap at least 4-in. (102 mm) deep and protect against freeze-up. If drain line is installed downstream from the external trap, pitch the line away from the unit at 1-in. per 10 ft (25 mm in 3 m) of run. Do not use a pipe size smaller than the unit connection $({}^{3}/_{4}$ -in.).

Step 10 — Make Electrical Connections

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Unit cabinet must have an uninterrupted, unbroken electrical ground to minimize the possibility of personal injury if an electrical fault should occur. This ground may consist of electrical wire connected to unit ground lug in control compartment, or conduit approved for electrical ground when installed in accordance with NEC (National Electrical Code); ANSI/NFPA 70, latest edition (in Canada, Canadian Electrical Code CSA [Canadian Standards Association] C22.1), and local electrical codes.

NOTE: Field-supplied wiring shall conform with the limitations of minimum 63°F (3°C) rise.

FIELD POWER SUPPLY — If equipped with optional Powered Convenience Outlet: The power source leads to the convenience outlet's transformer primary are not factory connected. Installer must connect these leads according to required operation of the convenience outlet. If an always-energized convenience outlet operation is desired, connect the source leads to the line side of the unit-mounted disconnect. (Check with local codes to ensure this method is acceptable in your area.) If a deenergize via unit disconnect switch operation of the convenience outlet is desired, connect the source leads to the load side of the unit disconnect. On a unit without a unit-mounted disconnect or HACR, connect the source leads to the terminal block with unit field power leads. See Fig. 19.

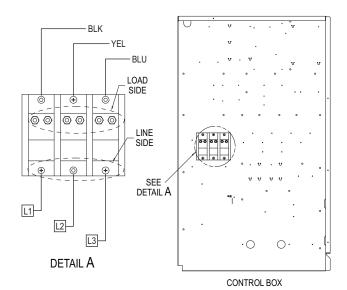


Fig. 19 — Location of TB1

Field power wires are connected to the unit at line-side pressure lugs on the terminal block (see wiring diagram label for control box component arrangement) or at factory-installed option non-fused disconnect switch or HACR breaker. Use copper conductors only.

NOTE: Make field power connections directly to line connection pressure lugs only.

FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in intermittent operation or unsatisfactory performance.

Do not connect aluminum wire between disconnect switch and air conditioning unit. Use only copper wire. (See Fig. 20.)

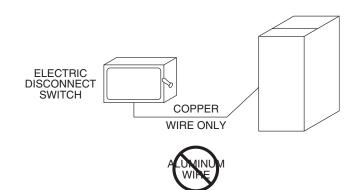


Fig. 20 — Disconnect Switch and Unit

UNITS WITHOUT FACTORY-INSTALLED NON-FUSED DISCONNECT OR HACR — When installing units, provide a disconnect switch of adequate size per NEC (National Electrical Code). Disconnect sizing data is provided on the unit informative plate. Locate on unit cabinet or within sight of the unit per national or local codes. Do not cover unit informative plate if mounting the disconnect on the unit cabinet. UNITS WITH FACTORY-INSTALLED NON-FUSED DISCONNECT OR HACR — The factory-installed option non-fused disconnect switch (NFD) or HACR is located in the main control box. The manual switch handle and shaft are shipped in the control box and must be mounted on the corner post adjacent to the control box (see Fig. 21 or 22). Note that the tape covering the hole for the shaft in the corner post must be removed prior to handle and shaft installation.

To field install the NFD shaft and handle:

- 1. Open the control box panel.
- 2. Make sure the NFD shipped from the factory is at OFF position (the arrow on the black handle knob or on the silver metal collar is at OFF).
- 3. Insert the shaft with the cross pin on the top of the shaft in the horizontal position.
- 4. Measure the tip of the shaft to the outside surface of the corner post to be 0.88 inches.
- 5. Tighten the locking screw to secure the shaft to the NFD.
- 6. Turn the handle to the OFF position with red arrow pointing at OFF.
- 7. Install the handle on to the corner post vertically with the red arrow pointing up.
- 8. Secure the handle to the corner post with (2) screws and lock washers supplied.

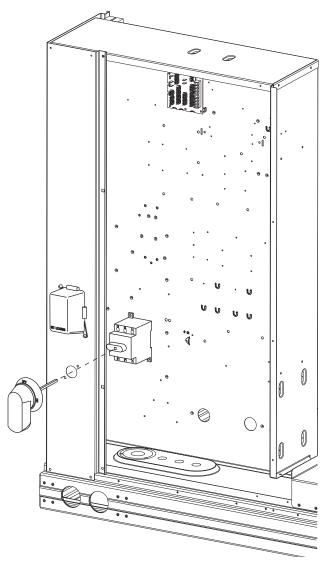


Fig. 21 — Handle and Shaft Assembly for NFD

To field install the HACR shaft and handle:

- 1. Open the control box panel.
- 2. Make sure the HACR shipped from the factory is at OFF position (the white arrow pointing at OFF).
- 3. Insert the shaft all the way with the cross pin on the top of the shaft in the horizontal position.
- 4. Measure the tip of the shaft to the outside surface of the corner post to be 0.88 inches.
- 5. Tighten the locking screw to secure the shaft to the HACR.
- 6. Turn the handle to the OFF position with red arrow pointing at OFF.
- 7. Install the handle on to the corner post vertically with the red arrow pointing up.
- 8. Secure the handle to the corner post with (2) screws and lock washers supplied.

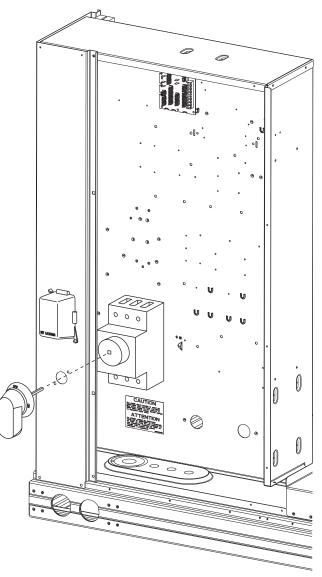


Fig. 22 — Handle and Shaft Assembly for HACR

ALL UNITS — All field wiring must comply with NEC and all local requirements.

Size wire based on MCA (Minimum Circuit Amps) on the unit informative plate. See Fig. 23 for power wiring connections to the unit power terminal blocks and equipment ground. Maximum wire size is 2/0 AWG per pole.

Provide a ground-fault and short-circuit over-current protection device (fuse or breaker) per NEC Article 440 (or local codes). Refer to unit informative data plate for MOCP (Maximum Over-current Protection) device size.

NOTE: Units ordered with factory installed HACR do not need an additional ground-fault and short-circuit over-current protection device unless required by local codes.

Voltage to compressor terminals during operation must be within voltage range indicated on unit nameplate. On 3-phase units, voltages between phases must be balanced within 2% and the current within 10%. Use the following formula to determine the percent of voltage imbalance.

% Voltage imbalance

= 100 x max voltage deviation from average voltage average voltage Example: Supply voltage is 230-3-60. ÁB = 224 v BC = 231 v AC = 226 v 224 + 231 + 226 Average Voltage 227 Determine maximum deviation from average voltage. (AB) 227 – 224 = 3 v (BC) 231 – 227 = 4 v

(AC) 227 – 226 = 1 v

Maximum deviation is 4 v.

Determine percent of voltage imbalance.

% Voltage Imbalance = $100 \times \frac{4}{227}$

= 1.76%

This amount of phase imbalance is satisfactory as it is below the maximum allowable 2%.

IMPORTANT: If the supply voltage phase imbalance is more than 2%, contact your local electric utility company immediately.

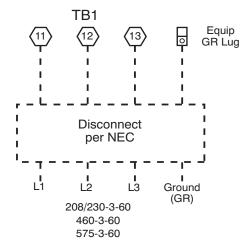
A CAUTION

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in equipment damage.

Operation on improper line voltage or excessive phase imbalance constitutes abuse and may cause damage to electrical components. Such operation would invalidate any applicable Carrier warranty.

Units Without Disconnect or HACR Option





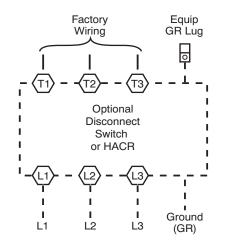


Fig. 23 — Power Wiring Connections

CONVENIENCE OUTLETS

ELECTRICAL OPERATION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Units with convenience outlet circuits may use multiple disconnects. Check convenience outlet for power status before opening unit for service. Locate its disconnect switch, if appropriate, and open it. Lock-out and tag-out this switch, if necessary.

Two types of convenience outlets are offered on 50HC models: non-powered and unit-powered. Both types provide a 125-volt GFCI (ground-fault circuit-interrupter) duplex receptacle rated at 15-A behind a hinged waterproof access cover, located on the panel beneath the control box. See Fig. 24.

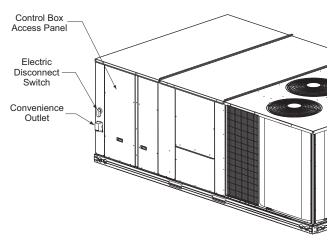


Fig. 24 — Convenience Outlet Location

<u>Installing Weatherproof Cover</u> — A weatherproof while-inuse cover for the factory-installed convenience outlets is now required by UL standards. This cover cannot be factory-mounted due its depth; it must be installed at unit installation. For shipment, the convenience outlet is covered with a blank cover plate.

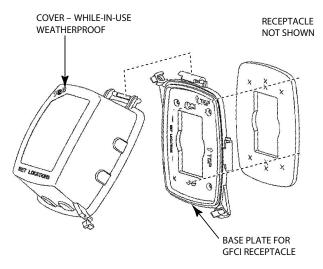
The weatherproof cover kit is shipped in the unit's control box. The kit includes the hinged cover, a backing plate and gasket.

DISCONNECT ALL POWER TO UNIT AND CONVE-NIENCE OUTLET. LOCK-OUT AND TAG-OUT ALL POWER.

Remove the blank cover plate at the convenience outlet; discard the blank cover.

Loosen the two screws at the GFCI duplex outlet, until approximately 1/2-in. (13 mm) under screw heads are exposed. Press the gasket over the screw heads. Slip the backing plate over the screw heads at the keyhole slots and align with the gasket; tighten the two screws until snug (do not over-tighten).

Mount the weatherproof cover to the backing plate as shown in Fig. 25. Remove two slot fillers in the bottom of the cover to permit service tool cords to exit the cover. Check for full closing and latching.

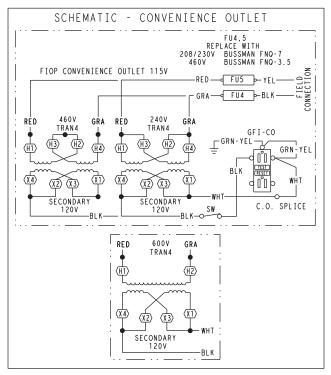




<u>Non-powered type</u> — This type requires the field installation of a general-purpose 125-volt 15-A circuit powered from a source elsewhere in the building. Observe national and local codes when selecting wire size and conduit requirements, fuse or breaker requirements and disconnect switch size and location. Route 125-v power supply conductors into the bottom of the utility box containing the duplex receptacle.

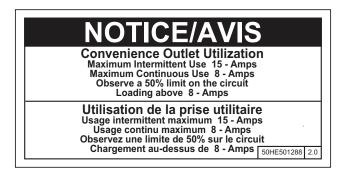
<u>Unit-powered type</u> — A unit-mounted transformer is factoryinstalled to stepdown the main power supply voltage to the unit to 115-v at the duplex receptacle. This option also includes a manual switch with fuse, located in a utility box and mounted on a bracket behind the convenience outlet; access is through the unit's control box access panel. See Fig. 24.

The primary leads to the convenience outlet transformer are not factory-connected. If local codes permit, the transformer primary leads can be connected at the line-side terminals on the unit-mounted non-fused disconnect switch; this will provide service power to the unit when the unit disconnect switch is open. See Fig. 26.



UNIT VOLTAGE	CONNECT AS	PRIMARY CONNECTIONS	TRANSFORMER TERMINALS
208,230	240	L1: RED +YEL L2: BLU + GRA	H1 + H3 H2 + H4
460	480	L1: RED Splice BLU + YEL L2: GRA	H1 H2 + H3 H4
575	600	L1: RED L2: GRA	H1 H2

Fig. 26 — Powered Convenience Outlet Wiring





Test the GFCI receptacle by pressing the TEST button on the face of the receptacle to trip and open the receptacle. Check for proper grounding wires and power line phasing if the GFCI receptacle does not trip as required. Press the RESET button to clear the tripped condition.

Using unit-mounted convenience outlets: Units with unitmounted convenience outlet circuits will often require that two disconnects be opened to de-energize all power to the unit. Treat all units as electrically energized until the convenience outlet power is also checked and de-energization is confirmed. Observe National Electrical Code Article 210, Branch Circuits, for use of convenience outlets.

HACR — The amp rating of the HACR factory-installed option is based on the size, voltage, indoor motor and other electrical options of the unit as shipped from the factory. If field-installed accessories are added or changed in the field (i.e., power exhaust), the HACR may no longer be of the proper amp rating and therefore will need to be removed from the unit. See unit nameplate and label on factory-installed HACR for the amp rating of the HACR that was shipped with the unit from the factory. See unit nameplates for the proper fuse, HACR or maximum over-current protection device required on the unit with field-installed accessories.

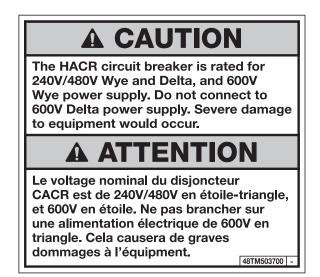


Fig. 28 — HACR Caution Label

FACTORY OPTION THRU-BASE CONNECTIONS — All units are equipped with the ability to bring utilities through the base.

The electrical entrance is located in the control box area and can be accessed through the control box access panel. An embossed area is provided with three knock outs. High voltage is brought through the multi knock out by removing the appropriate size for the size of the fitting required. A $7/_8$ -in. knock out is provided for low voltage. An additional $7/_8$ -in. knock out is provided for a 115 volt line which is used when the unit is equipped with the non-unit powered convenience outlet option.

All required fittings are field supplied. Install fittings when access to both top and bottom of the base pan is available.

- UNITS WITHOUT THRU-BASE CONNECTIONS
- 1. Install liquid tight conduit between disconnect and control box.
- 2. Pull correctly rated high voltage wires through the conduit.
- 3. Install power lines to terminal connections as shown in Fig. 23.

FIELD CONTROL WIRING — The 50HC unit requires an external temperature control device. This device can be a thermostat (field-supplied) or a PremierLink[™] controller (available as factory-installed option or as field-installed accessory, for use on a Carrier Comfort Network[®] or as a stand alone control) or the RTU Open controller for Building Management Systems using non-CCN protocols (RTU Open controller is available as a factory-installed option only).

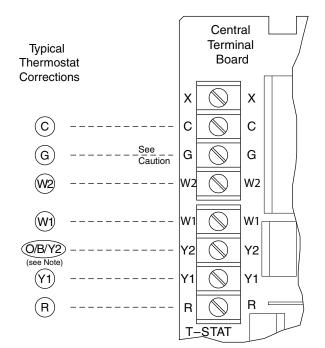
THERMOSTAT — Select a Carrier-approved accessory thermostat. When electric heat is installed in the 50HC unit, the thermostat must be capable of energizing the G terminal (to energize the Indoor Fan Contactor) whenever there is a space call for heat (energizing the W1 terminal). The accessory thermostats listed on the unit price pages can provide this signal but they are not configured to enable this signal as shipped.

Install the accessory thermostat according to installation instructions included with the accessory.

Locate the thermostat accessory on a solid wall in the conditioned space to sense average temperature in accordance with the thermostat installation instructions.

If the thermostat contains a logic circuit requiring 24-v power, use a thermostat cable or equivalent single leads of different colors with minimum of seven leads. If the thermostat does not require a 24-v source (no "C" connection required), use a thermostat cable or equivalent with minimum of six leads. Check the thermostat installation instructions for additional features which might require additional conductors in the cable.

For wire runs up to 50 ft (15 m), use no. 18 AWG (American Wire Gage) insulated wire (35° C minimum). For 50 to 75 ft (15 to 23 m), use no. 16 AWG insulated wire (35° C minimum). For over 75 ft (23 m), use no. 14 AWG insulated wire (35° C minimum). All wire sizes larger than no. 18 AWG cannot be directly connected to the thermostat and will require a junction box and splice at the thermostat.



- NOTE: Typical multi-function marking. Follow manufacturer's configuration instructions to select Y2.
- – Field Wiring

A CAUTION

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may cause a short circuit.

Carefully check the connection of control coductor for indoor fan control at terminal G. Connecting the indoor fan lead to terminal C will cause a short circuit condition which can cause component damage inside the unit or at thermostat.

Fig. 29 — Typical Low-Voltage Control Connections

UNIT WITHOUT THRU-BASE CONNECTION KIT — Correctly rated low voltage wire can be routed through the rubber grommet located on the corner post adjacent to the control box access panel. Route wire through the grommet and then route the wire behind the corner post utilizing the factory provided wire ties secured to the control box. This will ensure separation of the field low voltage wire and the high voltage circuit. Route the low voltage wire to the central terminal board. See Fig. 30.

NOTE: If utilizing the through the base connections, route the low voltage wire through the wire ties to the central terminal board.

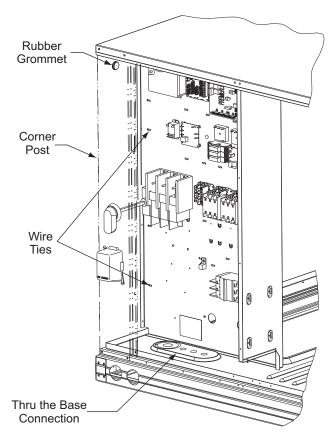


Fig. 30 — Field Control Wiring Raceway

HEAT ANTICIPATOR SETTINGS — Set heat anticipator settings at 0.14 amp for the first stage and 0.14 amp for second-stage heating.

TRANSFORMER CONNECTION FOR 208-V POWER SUPPLY — All units except 208/230-v units are factory wired for the voltage shown on the nameplate. *If the 208/230-v unit is to be connected to a 208-v power supply, the control transformer must be rewired by moving the black wire with the 1/4-in. female spade connector from the 230-v connection and moving it to the 208-v 1/4-in. male terminal on the primary side of the transformer.* Refer to unit label diagram for additional information.

Electric Heaters — The 50HC units may be equipped with field-installed electric heaters. The heaters are modular in design.

Heater modules are installed in the compartment below the indoor blower access panel. Access is through the electric heat access panel. Heater modules slide into the compartment on tracks along the bottom of the heater opening. See Fig. 31-33. Refer to the Electric Heater Kit Installation Instructions for complete details on field installed electric heat accessory.

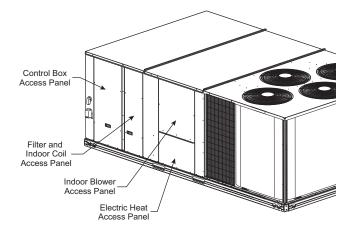


Fig. 31 — Typical Access Panel Location

Not all available heater modules may be used in every unit. Use only those heater modules that are ETL listed for use in a specific size unit. Refer to the label on the unit cabinet for the list of approved heaters.

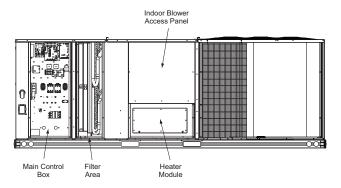
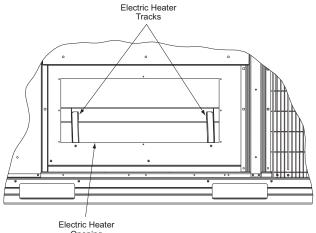


Fig. 32 — Typical Component Location



Opening

Fig. 33 — Electric Heater Compartment (Cover Removed)

LOW-VOLTAGE CONTROL CONNECTIONS — Locate the plug assembly in the electric heater section of the main unit. Connect the plug with the mating low voltage plug located on the heater. Note that the plug will already be connected when there is factory installed electric heat (see Fig. 34).

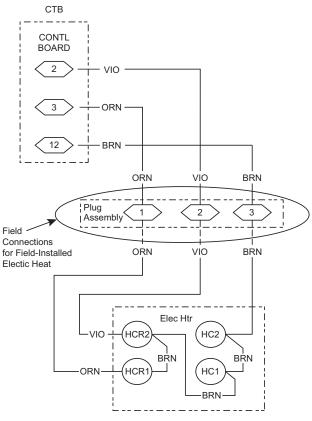


Fig. 34 — Accessory Electric Heater Control Connections

Humidi-MiZer System Control Connections

HUMIDI-MIZER® - SPACE RH CONTROLLER

NOTE: The Humidi-MiZer system is a factory-installed option.

The Humidi-MiZer dehumidification system requires a field-supplied and installed space relative humidity control device. This device may be a separate humidistat control (contact closes on rise in space RH above control setpoint) or a combination thermostat-humidistat control device such as Carrier's Edge[®] Pro Thermidistat with isolated contact set for dehumidification control. The humidistat is normally used in applications where a temperature control is already provided (units with PremierLink[™] control).

To connect the Carrier humidistat (HL38MG029):

- 1. Route the humidistat 2-conductor cable (field-supplied) through hole provided in the unit corner post.
- Feed wires through the raceway built into the corner post (see Fig. 30) to the 24-v barrier located on the left side of the control box. The raceway provides the UL-required clearance between high-voltage and low-voltage wiring.
- 3. Use wire nuts to connect humidistat cable to two PINK leads in the low-voltage wiring as shown in Fig. 37).

To connect the Thermidistat device (33CS2PPRH-01):

- 1. Route the Thermidistat multi-conductor thermostat cable (field-supplied) through hole provided in the unit corner post.
- Feed wires through the raceway built into the corner post (see Fig. 30) to the 24-v barrier located on the left side of the control box. The raceway provides the UL-required clearance between high-voltage and low-voltage wiring.
- 3. The Thermidistat has dry contacts at terminals D1 and D2 for dehumidification operation (see Fig. 38). The dry contacts must be wired between CTB terminal R and the

PINK lead to the LTLO switch with field-supplied wire nuts. Refer to the installation instructions included with the Carrier Edge Pro Thermidistat device for more information.

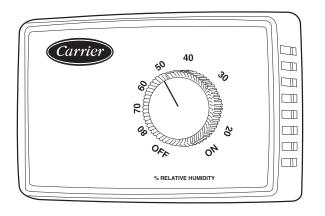


Fig. 35 — Accessory Field-Installed Humidistat



Fig. 36 — Edge[®] Pro Thermidistat

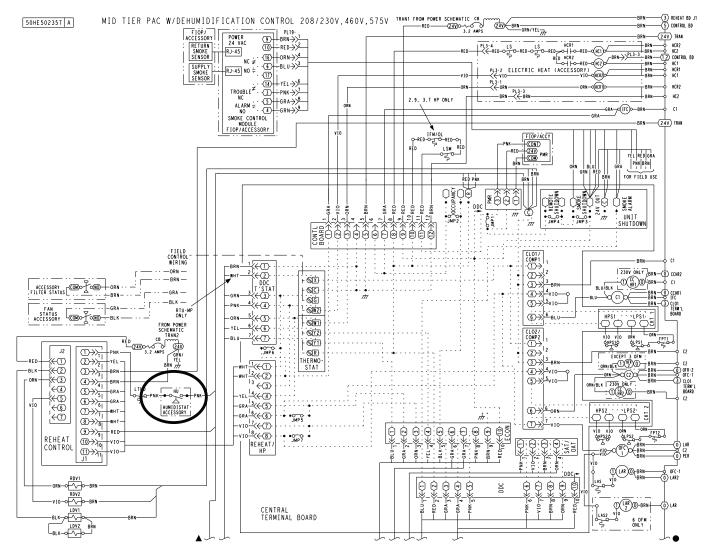


Fig. 37 — Typical Humidi-MiZer[®] Adaptive Dehumidification System Humidistat Wiring

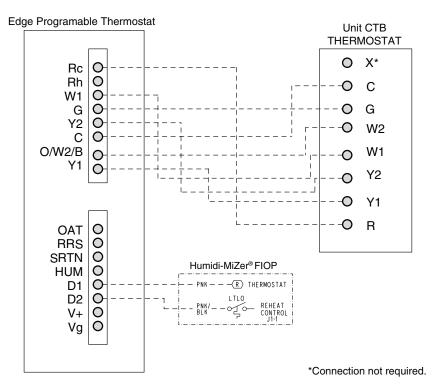


Fig. 38 — Typical Rooftop Unit with Humidi-MiZer Adaptive Dehumidification System with Edge Pro Thermidistat Device

EconoMi\$er[®] X (Factory-Installed Option)

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION — The EconoMi\$er X system is an expandable economizer control system, which includes a W7220 economizer module (controller) with an LCD and keypad (See Fig. 39). The W7220 can be configured with optional sensors.



Fig. 39 — W7220 Economizer Module

The W7220 economizer module can be used as a standalone economizer module wired directly to a commercial setback space thermostat and sensors to provide outside air drybulb economizer control.

The W7220 economizer module can be connected to optional sensors for single or differential enthalpy control. The W7220 economizer module provides power and communications for the sensors.

The W7220 economizer module automatically detects sensors by polling to determine which sensors are present. If a sensor loses communications after it has been detected, the W7220 economizer controller indicates a device fail error on its LCD. SYSTEM COMPONENTS — The EconoMi\$er X system includes an economizer module, 20k mixed air sensor, damper actuator, and either a 20k outdoor air temperature sensor or S-Bus enthalpy sensors.

<u>Economizer Module</u> — The module is the core of the EconoMi\$er X system. The module is mounted in the unit's control box, and includes the user interface for the system. The W7220 economizer module provides the basic inputs and outputs to provide simple economizer control. When used with the optional sensors, the economizer module provides more advanced economizer functionality.

<u>S-Bus Enthalpy Control Sensors</u> — The sensor is a combination temperature and humidity sensor which is powered by and communicates on the S-Bus. Up to three sensors may be configured with the W7220 economizer module.

 $\underline{CO_2 \text{ Sensor (optional)}}$ — The sensor can be added for Demand Controlled Ventilation (DCV).

SPECIFICATIONS

<u>W7220 Economizer Module</u> — The module is designed for use with 2 to 10 Vdc or bus communicating actuator. The module includes terminals for CO_2 sensor, Mixed Air sensor, and an Outdoor Dry Bulb sensor. Enthalpy and other options are available with bus sensors.

<u>User Interface</u> — Provides status for normal operation, setup parameters, checkout tests, and alarm and error conditions with a 2-line 16 character LCD display and four button keypad.

Electrical

Rated Voltage — 20 to 30 Vac RMS, 50/60 Hz

Transformer — 100 va maximum system input

Nominal Power Consumption (at 24 Vac, 60 Hz) — 11.5 VA without sensors or actuators

Relay Digital Output Rating at 30 Vac (maximum power from Class 2 input only) — 1.5A run:

3.5A inrush at 0.45PF (200,000 cycles) or

7.5A inrush at 0.45PF (100,000 cycles)

IMPORTANT: All inputs and outputs must be Class 2 wiring.

INPUTS

Sensors

NOTE: A Mixed Air (MA) analog sensor is required on all W7220 units; either an Outdoor Air (OA) sensor for dry bulb change over or an OA bus sensor for outdoor enthalpy change over is required in addition to the MA sensor. An additional Return Air (RA) bus sensor can be added to the system for differential enthalpy or dry bulb changeover. For differential dry bulb changeover a 20k ohm sensor is required in the OA and a bus sensor in the RA. DIP switch on RA bus sensor must be set in the RA position.

Dry Bulb Temperature (optional) and Mixed Air (required), 20k NTC

2-wire (18 to 22 AWG);

Temperature range -40 to 150 F (-40 to 65 C)

Temperature accuracy -0 F/+2 F

Temperature and Humidity, C7400S1000 (optional)

S-Bus; 2-wire (18 to 22 AWG)

Temperature: range -40 to 150 F (-40 to 65 C)

Temperature accuracy -0 F/+2 F

Humidity: range 0 to 100% RH with 5% accuracy.

NOTE: Up to three (3) S-Bus sensors may be connected to the W7220 economizer module. For outdoor air (OA), return air (RA) and discharge (supply) air (DA).

4 Binary Inputs — 1-wire 24 Vac + common GND.

24 Vac power supply — 20 to 30 Vac 50/60Hz; 100 VA Class 2 transformer.

OUTPUTS

Actuator Signal: 2-10 Vdc; minimum actuator impedance is 2k ohm; bus two-wire output for bus communicating actuators.

Exhaust fan, Y1, Y2 and AUX1 O:

All Relay Outputs (at 30 Vac):

Running: 1.5A maximum Inrush: 7.5A maximum

ENVIRONMENTAL

Operating Temperature:

-40 to 150 F (-40 to 65 C).

Exception of display operation down to -4 F with full recovery at -4 F from exposure to -40 F

Storage Temperature:

-40 to 150 F (-40 to 65 C)

Shipping Temperature:

-40 to 150 F (- 40 to 65 C)

Relative Humidity:

5% to 95% RH non-condensing

ECONOMIZER MODULE WIRING DETAILS — Use Fig. 40 and Tables 2 and 3 to locate the wiring terminals for the Economizer module.

NOTE: The four terminal blocks are removable. You can slide out each terminal block, wire it, and then slide it back into place.

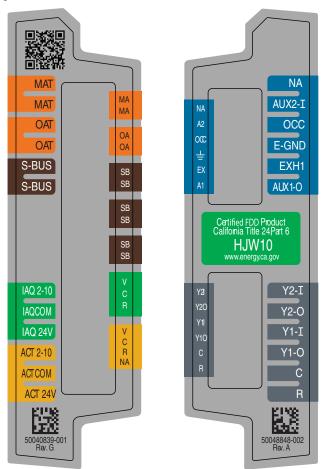


Fig. 40 — W7220 Wiring Terminals

Table 2 — Economizer Module - Left Hand Terminal Blocks

LABEL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION					
	Top Left Terminal Block						
MAT MAT	20k NTC and COM	Mixed Air Temperature Sensor (Polarity Insensitive Connection)					
OAT OAT	20k NTC and COM	Outdoor Air Temperature Sensor (Polarity Insensitive Connection)					
S-BUS S-BUS	S-BUS (Sylk Bus)	Enthalpy Control Sensor (Polarity Insensitive Connection)					
	Bottom	h Left Terminal Block					
IAQ 2-10	2-10 vdc	Air Quality Sensor Input (e.g. CO ₂ sensor)					
IAQ COM	COM	Air Quality Sensor Common					
IAQ 24V	24 vac	Air Quality Sensor 24 vac Source					
ACT 2-10	2-10 vdc	Damper Actuator Output (2-10 vdc)					
ACT COM	COM	Damper Actuator Output Common					
ACT 24v	24 vac	Damper Actuator 24 vac Source					

Table 3 — Economizer Module - Right Hand Terminal Blocks

LABEL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION				
	Top Right Terminal Blocks					
AUX2 I	24 vac IN	The first terminal is not used.				
000	24 vac IN	Shut Down (SD) or HEAT (W) Conventional only and Heat Pump Changeover (O-B) in Heat Pump mode.				
E-GND	E-GND	Occupied/Unoccupied Input				
EXH1	24 vac OUT	Exhaust Fan 1 Output				
AUX1 O	24 vac OUT	Programmable: Exhaust fan 2 output or ERV or System alarm output				
	Bottom I	Right Terminal Blocks				
Y2-I	24 vac IN	Y2 in - Cooling Stage 2 Input from space thermostat				
Y2-0	24 vac OUT	Y2 out - Cooling Stage 2 Output to stage 2 mechanical cooling				
Y1-I	24 vac IN	Y1 in - Cooling Stage 2 Input from space thermostat				
Y1-0	24 vac OUT	Y1 out - Cooling Stage 2 Output to stage 2 mechanical cooling				
С	COM	24 vac Common				
R	24 vac	24 vac Power (hot)				

S-BUS SENSOR WIRING — The labels on the sensors and controller are color coded for ease of installation. Orange labeled sensors can only be wired to orange terminals on the controller. Brown labeled sensors can only be wired to S-bus (brown) terminals. Use Fig. 41 and Table 4 to locate the wiring terminals for each S-Bus sensor.

Use Fig. 41 and Table 4 to locate the wiring terminals for each enthalpy control sensor.

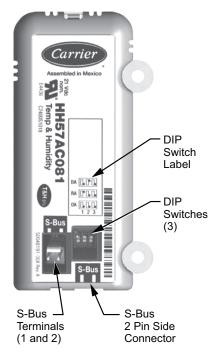


Fig. 41 — S-Bus Sensor DIP Switches

Table 4 — HH57AC081 Sensor Wiring Terminations

TER	TERMINAL NUMBER LABEL		DESCRIPTION				
NOMBEN							
1	S-BUS	S-BUS	S-BUS Communications (Enthalpy Control Sensor Bus)				
2	S-BUS	S-BUS	S-BUS Communications (Enthalpy Control Sensor Bus)				

Use Fig. 41 and Table 5 to set the DIP switches for the desired use of the sensor.

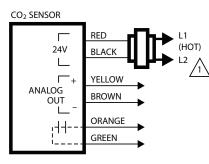
Table 5 — HH57AC081 Sensor DIP Switch
DIP SWITCH POSITIONS FOR SWITCHES 1, 2, AND 3

USE	DIP SWITCH POSITIONS FOR SWITCHES 1, 2, AND 3					
032	1	2	3			
DA	OFF	ON	OFF			
RA	ON	OFF	OFF			
OA	OFF	OFF	OFF			

NOTE: When a S-Bus sensor is connected to an existing network, it will take 60 minutes for the network to recognize and auto-configure itself to use the new sensor.

During the 60 minute setup period, no alarms for sensor failures (except SAT) will be issued and no economizing function will be available.

 CO_2 SENSOR WIRING — When using a CO_2 sensor the black and brown common wires are internally connected and only one is connected to "IAQ COM" on the W7220. Use the power from the W7220 to power the CO_2 sensor OR make sure the ground for the power supplies are common. See Fig. 42 for CO_2 sensor wiring.



POWER SUPPLY. PROVIDE DISCONNECT MEANS AND OVERLOAD PROTECTION AS REQUIRED.

Fig. 42 — CO₂ Sensor Wiring

INTERFACE OVERVIEW — This section describes how to use the Economizer's user interface for:

- Keypad and menu navigation
- Settings and parameter changes
- Menu structure and selection

USER INTERFACE — The user interface consists of a 2-line LCD display and a 4-button keypad on the front of the economizer controller.

KEYPAD — The four navigation buttons (see Fig. 43) are used to scroll through the menus and menu items, select menu items, and to change parameter and configuration settings.

To use the keypad when working with menus:

- Press the \blacktriangle (Up arrow) button to move to the previous menu.
- Press the ▼ (Down arrow) button to move to the next menu.

Press the (Enter) button to display the first item in the currently displayed menu.

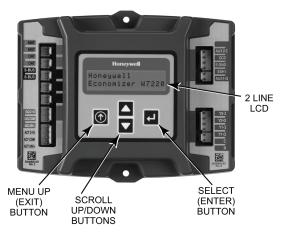


Fig. 43 — W7220 Controller Navigation Buttons

Press the () (Menu Up/Exit) button to exit a menu's item and return to the list of menusTo use the keypad when working with Setpoints, System and Advanced Settings, Checkout tests and Alarms:

- 1. Navigate to the desired menu.
- 2. Press the (Enter) button to display the first item in the currently displayed menu.
- 3. Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to scroll to the desired parameter.
- 4. Press the (Enter) button to display the value of the currently displayed item.
- 5. Press the ▲ button to increase (change) the displayed parameter value.
- 6. Press the ▼ button to decrease (change) the displayed parameter value.

NOTE: When values are displayed, pressing and holding the or button causes the display to automatically increment.

- 7. Press the (Enter) button to accept the displayed value and store it in nonvolatile RAM.
- 8. "CHANGE STORED" displays.
- 9. Press the (Enter) button to return to the current menu parameter.

10. Press the (Menu Up/Exit) button to return to the previous menu.

MENU STRUCTURE — Table 6 illustrates the complete hierarchy of menus and parameters for the EconoMi e^{R} X system.

The Menus in display order are:

- STATUS
- SETPOINTS
- SYSTEM SETUP
- ADVANCED SETUP
- CHECKOUT
- ALARMS

IMPORTANT: Table 6 illustrates the complete hierarchy. Your menu parameters may be different depending on your configuration.

For example if you do not have a DCV (CO_2) sensor, then none of the DCV parameters appear and only MIN POS will display. If you have a CO_2 sensor, the DCV MIN and DCV MAX will appear AND if you have 2 speed fan DCV MIN (high and low speed) and DCV MAX (high and low speed will appear).

NOTE: Some parameters in the menus use the letters MA or MAT, indicating a mixed air temperature sensor location before the cooling coil. This unit application has the control sensor located after the cooling coil, in the fan section, where it is designated as (Cooling) Supply Air Temperature or SAT sensor.

SETUP AND CONFIGURATION — Before being placed into service, the W7220 Economizer module must be setup and configured for the installed system.

IMPORTANT: During setup, the economizer module is live at all times.

The setup process uses a hierarchical menu structure that is easy to use. Press the \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown arrow buttons to move forward and backward through the menus and press the button to select and confirm setup item changes.

TIME-OUT AND SCREENSAVER — When no buttons have been pressed for 10 minutes, the LCD displays a screen saver, which cycles through the Status items. Each Status items displays in turn and cycles to the next item after 5 seconds.

Table 6 — Menu Structure

		Tab	le 6 — Menu S	tructure
MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT	NOTES
	ECONO AVAIL	NO	YES/NO	FIRST STAGE COOLING DEMAND (Y1–IN) YES = economizing available; the system can use outside air for free cooling when required
	ECONOMIZING	NO	YES/NO	FIRST STAGE COOLING RELAY OUTPUT YES = outside air being used for 1 stage cooling
	OCCUPIED	NO	YES/NO	OCCUPIED YES = OCC signal received from space thermostat or unitary controller YES = 24 Vac on terminal OCC NO = 0 Vac on terminal OCC
	HEAT PUMP	N/A	COOL HEAT	HEAT PUMP MODE Displays COOL or HEAT when system is set to heat pump (Non-conventional)
	COOL Y1—IN	OFF	ON/OFF	FIRST STAGE COOLING DEMAND (Y1-IN) Y1-I signal from space thermostat or unitary controller for cooling stage 1. ON = 24 Vac on terminal Y1-I OFF = 0 Vac on terminal Y1-I
-	COOL Y1-OUT	OFF	ON/OFF	FIRST STAGE COOLING RELAY OUTPUT Cool stage 1 Relay Output to stage 1 mechanical cooling (Y1–OUT terminal)
STATUS	COOL Y2—IN	COOL Y2—IN OFF		SECOND STAGE COOLING DEMAND (Y2–IN) Y2–I signal from space thermostat our unitary controller for second stage cooling. ON = 24 Vac on terminal Y2–I OFF = 0 Vac on terminal Y2–I
	COOL Y2-OUT	OFF	ON/OFF	SECOND STAGE COOLING RELAY OUTPUT Cool Stage 2 Relay Output to mechanical cooling (Y2–OUT terminal)
	MA TEMP	F	0 to 140 F	SUPPLY AIR TEMPERATURE, Cooling Mode Displays value of measured mixed air from MAT sensor. Displays F if not connected, short or out-of-range.
	DA TEMP	F	0 to 140 F	DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE, after Heating section Displays when Discharge Air sensor is connected and displays mea- sured discharge temperature. DisplaysF if sensor sends invalid value, if not connected, short o out-of-range.
	OA TEMP	OA TEMP F		OUTSIDE AIR TEMP Displays measured value of outdoor air temperature. DisplaysF if sensor sends invalid value, short or out-of-range.
	OA HUM	OA HUM%		OUTSIDE AIR RELATIVE HUMIDITY Displays measured value of outdoor humidity from OA sensor. Displays% if not connected short, or out-of-range.
	RA TEMP	F	0 to 140 F	RETURN AIR TEMPERATURE Displays measured value of return air temperature from RAT sensor. Displays F if sensor sends invalid value, if not connected, short o out-of-range
	RA HUM	%	0 to 100%	RETURN AIR RELATIVE HUMIDITY Displays measured value of return air humidity from RA sensor. Displays% if sensor sends invalid value, if not connected, short or out-of-range
	IN CO2	ppm	0 TO 2000 ppm	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{SPACE/RETURN AIR CO}_2 \\ \mbox{Displays value of measured CO}_2 \mbox{ from CO}_2 \mbox{ sensor. Invalid if not connected, short or out-of-range} \end{array}$
	DCV STATUS	N/A	ON/OFF	DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION STATUS Displays ON if above setpoint and OFF if below setpoint, and ONLY if a CO_2 sensor is connected.
ſ	DAMPER OUT	2.0v	2.0 TO 10.0v	Displays voltage output to the damper actuator.
Γ	ACT POS	N/A	0 to 100%	Displays actual position of outdoor air damper actuator

			— menu Struc	ture (cont)	
MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT	NOTES	
	ACT COUNT	N/A	1 to 65535	Displays number of times actuator has cycled. 1 cycles equals 180 deg. of actuator movement in any direction.	
	ACTUATOR	N/A	OK/Alarm (on Alarm menu)	Displays ERROR if voltage or torque is below actuator range.	
	EXH1 OUT	OFF	ON/OFF	EXHAUST STAGE 1 RELAY OUTPUT Output of EXH1 terminal: ON = relay closed OFF = relay open	
STATUS (CONT)	EXH2 OUT	OFF	ON/OFF	EXHAUST STAGE 2 RELAY OUTPUT Output of AUX terminal; displays only if AUX = EXH2	
	ERV	OFF	ON/OFF	ENERGY RECOVERY VENTILATOR Output of AUX terminal; displays only if AUX = ERV	
	MECH COOL ON	0	0, 1, or 2	Displays stage of mechanical cooling that is active.	
	or HEAT STAGES ON			Displays the stage of heat pump heating that is active.	
	FAN SPEED	N/A	LOW or HIGH	SUPPLY FAN SPEED Displays speed setting of fan on a 2-speed fan unit.	
	W (HEAT ON)	N/A	ON/OFF	HEAT DEMAND STATUS Displays status of heat demand on a 2-speed fan unit.	
	MAT SET	53F	38 to 65 F; increment by 1	SUPPLY AIR SETPOINT Setpoint determines where the economizer will modulate the OA damper to maintain the mixed air temperature.	
	LOW T LOCK	32F	-45 to 80 F; increment by 1	COMPRESSOR LOW TEMPERATURE LOCKOUT Setpoint determines outdoor temperature when the mechanical cooling cannot be turned on. Commonly referred to as the Compressor lockout.	
	DRYBLB SET	63F	48 to 80 F; increment by 1	OA DRY BULB TEMPERATURE CHANGEOVER SETPOINT Setpoint determines where the economizer will assume outdoor air tem- perature is good for free cooling; e.g.; at 63 F unit will economize at 62 F and below and not economize at 64 F and above. There is a 2 F dead- band.	
	ENTH CURVE	ES3	ES1,ES2,ES3,ES4, or ES5	ENTHALPY CHANGEOVER CURVE Enthalpy boundary "curves" for economizing using single enthalpy.	
	DCV SET	1100ppm	500 to 2000ppm; increment by 100	DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION Displays only if CO ₂ sensor is connected. Setpoint for Demand Control Ventilation of space. Above the setpoint, the OA dampers will modulate open to bring in additional OA to maintain a space ppm level below the setpoint.	
	MIN POS	2.8 V	2 to 10 Vdc	VENTILATION MINIMUM POSITION Displays ONLY if a CO ₂ sensor is NOT connected.	
SETPOINTS	VENTMAX With 2-speed fan units VENTMAX L (low speed fan) and VENTMAX H (high	2.8 V	2 to 10 Vdc	DCV MAXIMUM DAMPER POSITION Displays only if a CO ₂ sensor is connected. Used for Vbz (ventilation max cfm) setpoint. Displays 2 to 10 V if <3 sensors (RA,OA, and MA). In AUTO mode dampers controlled by CFM.	
	speed fan) settings are required		100 to 9990 cfm; increment by 10	If OA, MA, RA, and CO_2 sensors are connected and DCV CAL ENABLE is set to AUTO mode, the OA dampers are controlled by CFM and displays from 100 to 9990 CFM.	
			2 to 10 Vdc	With 2-speed fan units VENT L (low speed fan) and MIN POS H (high speed fan) settings are required. Default for VENTMAX L is 3.2V and VENTMAX H is 2.8V	
	VENTMIN With 2-speed fan units VENTMIN L (low speed fan) and VENTMIN H (high speed fan) set	2.25 V	2 to 10 Vdc or 100 to 9990 cfm increment by 10	DCV MINIMUM DAMPER POSITION Displays only if a CO ₂ sensor is connected. Used for Ba (ventilation min cfm) setpoint. Displays 2 to 10 V if <3 sensors (RA, OA, and MA). Va is only set if DCV is used. This is the ventilation for less than maximum occupancy of the space. In AUTO mode dampers controlled by CFM.	
			100 to 9990 cfm; increment by 10	If OA, MA, RA, and CO_2 sensors are connected and DCV CAL ENABLE is set to AUTO mode, the OA dampers are controlled by CFM and displays from 100 to 9990 CFM.	
			2 to 10 Vdc	With 2-speed fan units VENTMIN L (low speed fan) and MIN POS H (high speed fan) settings are required. Default for VENTMIN L is 3.2V and VENTMIN H is 2.8V	
	ERV OAT SP	32°F	0 to 50 F; increment by 1	ENERGY RECOVERY VENTILATOR UNIT OUTDOOR AIR TEM- PERATURE SETPOINT Only when AUX1 O = ERV	
	EXH1 SET With 2-speed fan units Exh1 L (low speed fan) and Exh1 H (high speed fan) settings are required	50%	0 to 100%;increment by 1	EXHAUST FAN STAGE 1 SETPOINT Setpoint for OA damper position when exhaust fan 1 is powered by the economizer. With 2-speed fan units Exh1 L (low speed fan) and Exh1 H (high speed fan) settings are required. Default for Exh1 L is 65% and Exh1 H is 50%	
	EXH2 SET With 2-speed fan units Exh2 L (low speed fan) and Exh2 H (high speed fan) settings are required	75%	0 to 100%; increment by 1	EXHAUST FAN STAGE 2 SETPOINT Setpoint for OA damper position when exhaust fan 2 is powered by the economizer. Only used when AUX1 O is set to EHX2. With 2-speed fan units Exh2 L (low speed fan) and Exh2 H (high speed fan) settings are required. Default for Exh2 L is 80% and Exh2 H is 75%	

	1		— Menu Struc	
MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT	NOTES
	INSTALL	01/01/10	N/A	Display order = MM/DD/YY Setting order = DD, MM, then YY.
	UNITS DEG	F	F or C	Sets economizer controller in degrees Fahrenheit or Celsius
	EQUIPMENT	CONV	Conventional or HP	CONV = conventional; HP O/B = Enable Heat Pump mode. Use AUX2 I for Heat Pump input from thermostat or controller. See Menu Note 7.
	AUX2 IN	w	SD/W or HP(O)/ HP(B)	In CONV mode: SD + Enables configuration of shutdown (default); W = Informs controller that system is in heating mode. NOTE: If using 2-speed fan mode, you must program CONV mode for W. Shutdown is not available in 2-speed fan mode. See Menu Note 7. In HP O/B mode: HP(O) = energize heat pump on Cool (default); HP(B) = energize heat pump on heat.
SYSTEM SETUP	FAN SPEED	2 speed	1 speed/2 speed	Sets the economizer controller for operation of 1 speed or 2 speed sup- ply fan. NOTE: 2-speed fan option also needs Heat (W1) programmed in AUX 2 In. See Menu Note 7.
	FAN CFM	5000cfm	100 to 15000 cfm; increment by 100	UNIT DESIGN AIRFLOW (CFM) Enter only if using DCVAL ENA = AUTO The value is found on the nameplate label for the specific unit.
	AUX1 OUT	NONE	NONE ERV EXH2 SYS	Select OUTPUT for AUX1 O relay • NONE = not configured (output is not used) • ERV = Energy Recovery Ventilator • EXH2 = second damper position relay closure for second exhaust fan • SYS = use output as an alarm signal
	000	INPUT	INPUT or ALWAYS	OCCUPIED MODE BY EXTERNAL SIGNAL When using a setback thermostat with occupancy out (24 vac), the 24 vac is input "INPUT" to the OCC terminal. If no occupancy output from the thermostat then change program to "ALWAYS" OR add a jumper from terminal R to OCC terminal.
	FACTORY DEFAULT	NO	NO or YES	Resets all set points to factory defaults when set to YES. LCD will briefly flash YES and change to NO but all parameters will change to the factory default values. NOTE: RECHECK AUX2 IN and FANTYPE for required 2-speed values.
	MA LO SET	45°F	35 to 55 F; Incremented by 10	SUPPLY AIR TEMPERATURE LOW LIMIT Temperature to achieve Freeze Protection (close damper and alarm if temperature falls below setup value).
	FREEZE POS	CLO	CLO or MIN	FREEZE PROTECTION DAMPER POSITION Damper position when freeze protection is active (closed or MIN POS).
	CO2 ZERO	0ppm	0 to 500 ppm; Increment by 10	CO ₂ ppm level to match CO ₂ sensor start level.
	CO2 SPAN	2000ppm	1000 to 3000 ppm; Increment by 10	CO ₂ ppm span to match CO ₂ sensor.
ADVANCED	STG3 DLY	2.0h	0 min, 5 min, 15 min, then 15 min intervals. Up to 4 hrs or OFF	COOLING STAGE 3 DELAY Delay after stage 2 cool has been active. Turns on 2nd stage of cooling when economizer is 1st stage and mechanical cooling is 2nd stage. Allows three stages of cooling, 1 economizer and 2 mechanical. OFF = no Stage 3 cooling
SETUP	SD DMPR POS	CLO	CLO or OPN	Indicates shutdown signal from space thermostat or unitary controller. When controller receives 24 Vac input on the SD terminal in conven- tional mode, the OA damper will open if programmed for OPN and OA damper will close if programmed for CLO. All other controls, e.g., fans, etc. will shut off.
	DA LO ALM	45 F (7 C)	35 to 65 F; (2 to 18 C) Incremented by 5 deg.	Used for alarm for when the DA air temperature is too low. Set lower range of alarm, below this temperature the alarm will show on the display.
	DA HI ALM	80 F (27 C)	70 to 180 F; (21 to 82 C) Incremented by 5 deg.	Used for alarm for when the DA air temperature is too high. Set upper range of alarm, above this temperature the alarm will show on the display.
	DCVCAL ENA	MAN	MAN (manual) AUTO	Turns on the DCV automatic control of the dampers. Resets ventilation based on the RA, OA, and MA sensor conditions. Requires all 3 RA, OA, and MA sensors.

		I able 0			
MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT	NOTES	
	MAT T CAL	0.0°F	±2.5 F	SUPPLY AIR TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION Allows for the operator to adjust for an out of calibration temperature sensor.	
ADVANCED SETUP (CONT)	OAS T CAL	0.0°F	±2.5 F	OUTSIDE AIR TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION Allows for the operator to adjust for an out of calibration temperature sensor.	
	OA H CAL	0% RH	±10% RH	OUTSIDE AIR HUMIDITY CALIBRATION Allows for operator to adjust for an out of calibration humidity sensor.	
	RA T CAL	0.0°F	±2.5 F	RETURN AIR TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION Allows for the operator to adjust for an out of calibration temperature sensor.	
	RA H CAL	0% RH	±10% RH	RETURN AIR HUMIDITY CALIBRATION Allows for operator to adjust for an out of calibration humidity sensor.	
	DA T CAL	0.0°F	±2.5 F	DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION Allows for the operator to adjust for an out of calibration temperature sensor.	
	2SP FAN DELAY	5 Minutes	0 to 20 minutes in 1 minute increments	TIME DELAY ON 2nd STAGE ECONOMIZING When in economizing mode this is the delay for the high speed fan to try to satisfy the call for second stage cooling before the first stage mechan- ical cooling is enabled.	
	DAMPER MINIMUM POSI- TION	N/A	N/A	The checkout for the damper minimum position is based on the system. See Table 7.	
CHECKOUT	DAMPER OPEN	N/A	N/A	Position damper to the full open position. Exhaust fan contacts enable during the DAMPER OPEN test. Make sure you pause in the mode to allow exhaust contacts to energize due to the delay in the system.	
	DAMPER CLOSE	N/A	N/A	Positions damper to the fully closed position	
	CONNECT Y1–O	N/A	N/A	Closes the Y1-O relay (Y1-O)	
	CONNECT Y2–O	N/A	N/A	Closes the Y2-O relay (Y2-O)	
	CONNECT AUX1-O	N/A	N/A	Energizes the AUX output. If Aux setting is: • NONE — not action taken • ERV — 24 Vac out. Turns on or signals an ERV that the conditions are not good for economizing but are for ERV operation. • SYS — 24 Vac out. Issues a system alarm	
	CONNECT EXH1	N/A	N/A	Closes the power exhaust fan 2 relay (EXH1)	
				ncludes the number of active alarms in parenthesis (). When using SYLK 20k OA temperature sensors, "SENS T" will appear on the screen	
	MA T SENS ERR	N/A	N/A	SUPPLY AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR ERROR Mixed air sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring then replace sensor if the alarm continues.	
	CO2 SENS ERR	N/A	N/A	CO_2 SENSOR ERROR CO_2 sensor has failed, gone out of range or become disconnected - check wiring then replace sensor if the alarm continues.	
	OA SYLK T ERR	N/A	N/A	OUTSIDE AIR S-BUS SENSOR ERROR	
	OA SYLK H ERR	N/A	N/A	Outdoor air enthalpy sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring then replace sensor if the alarm continues.	
	RA SYLK T ERR	N/A	N/A	RETURN AIR S-BUS SENSOR ERROR	
	RA SYLK H ERR	N/A	N/A	Return air enthalpy sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring then replace sensor if the alarm continues.	
ALARMS	DA SYLK T ERR	N/A	N/A	DISCHARGE AIR S-BUS SENSOR ERROR Discharge air sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wirir then replace sensor if the alarm continues.	
	OA SENS T ERR	N/A	N/A	OUTSIDE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR ERROR Outdoor air temperature sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring then replace if the alarm continues.	
	ACT ERROR	N/A	N/A	ACTUATOR ERROR Actuator has failed or become disconnected - check for stall, over volt- age, under voltage and actuator count. Replace actuator if damper is movable and supply voltage is between 21.6 V and 26.4 V. Check actu- ator count on STATUS menu.	
	FREEZE ALARM	N/A	N/A	Check if outdoor temperature is below the LOW Temp Lockout on set- point menu. Check if Mixed air temperature on STATUS menu is below the Lo Setpoint on Advanced menu. When conditions are back in normal range then the alarm will go away.	

PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT	NOTES				
SHUTDOWN ACTIVE	N/A	N/A	AUX2 IN is programmed for SHUTDOWN and 24 V has been applied to AUX2 IN terminal.				
DMP CAL RUNNING	N/A N/A		DAMPER CALIBRATION ROUTINE RUNNING If DCV Auto enable has been programmed, when the W7220 is compl ing a calibration on the dampers, this alarm will display. Wait until the calibration is completed and the alarm will go away. Must have OA, M and RA sensors for DCV calibration; set up in the Advanced setup menu.				
DA SENS ALM	N/A	N/A	DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR ALARM Discharge air temperature is out of the range set in the ADVANCED SETUP Menu. Check the temperature of the discharge air.				
SYS ALARM	N/A	N/A	When AUX1-0 is set to SYS and there is any alarm (e.g., failed sensors, etc.), the AUX1-0 terminal has 24 Vac out.				
ACT UNDER V	N/A	N/A	ACTUATOR VOLTAGE LOW Voltage received by actuator is above expected range.				
ACT OVER V	N/A	N/A	ACTUATOR VOLTAGE HIGH Voltage received by actuator is below expected range.				
ACT STALLED	N/A	N/A	ACTUATOR STALLED Actuator stopped before achieving commanded position.				
	SHUTDOWN ACTIVE DMP CAL RUNNING DA SENS ALM SYS ALARM ACT UNDER V ACT OVER V	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE SHUTDOWN ACTIVE N/A DMP CAL RUNNING N/A DA SENS ALM N/A SYS ALARM N/A ACT UNDER V N/A	PARAMETERPARAMETER DEFAULT VALUEPARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENTSHUTDOWN ACTIVEN/AN/ADMP CAL RUNNINGN/AN/ADA SENS ALMN/AN/ASYS ALARMN/AN/AACT UNDER VN/AN/A				

LEGEND

- CLO Compressor Lockout
- ERV Energy Recovery Ventilator
- LCD Liquid Crystal Display
- MA Mixed Air
- MAT Mixed Air Temperature
- N/A Not Applicable
- OA Outdoor Air
- OAT Outdoor Air Temperature
- OCC Occupied
- RA Return Air
- RAT Return Air Temperature
- RTU Rooftop Unit
- SYS System

NOTES:

- Table 6 illustrates the complete hierarchy. Your menu parameters may be different depending on your configuration. For example if you do not have a DCV (CO₂) sensor, then none of the DCV parameters appear.
- When values are displayed, pressing and holding the or button causes the display to automatically increment.
- ERV Operation: When in cooling mode AND the conditions are NOT OK for economizing - the ERV terminal will be energized. In the Heating mode, the ERV terminal will be energized when the OA is below the ERV OAT setpoint in the setpoint menu.

For damper minimum position settings and checkout menu readings, see Table 7. For dry bulb operation with a 1 speed indoor fan, with or without DCV, see Tables 8 and 9. For enthalpy operation with a 1 speed indoor fan, with or without DCV, see Tables 10 and 11. For dry bulb operation with a 2 speed indoor fan, with or without DCV, see Tables 12 and 13. For enthalpy operation with a 2 speed indoor fan, with or without DCV, see Tables 14 and 15.

- 4. STATUS —> OCCUPIED The factory-standard Occupancy signal originates with a thermostat or other controller call for indoor fan operation at CTB terminal G. This signal passes through the Central Terminal Board's OCCUPIED jumper JMP1 to the ECONO connector and to the W7220's OCC input terminal. An external timeclock or relay is required to implement an Occupancy schedule on the economizer damper position.
- Occupancy schedule on the economizer damper position.
 STATUS -> MA TEMP, SETPOINTS -> MAT SET -- The W7220 menu parameters and labels include designations MA, MAT and Mixed Air for the economizer cooling control sensor. On these rooftop units, the economizer control sensor is located downstream of the evaporator/indoor coil in the supply fan section where this sensor is designated as Supply Air Temperature (SAT) sensor.
- perature (SAT) sensor.
 6. SETPOINTS —> DRYBLB SET This point is not displayed if a Return Air (differential) temperature sensor or an Outdoor Air enthalpy sensor is connected.
- enthalpy sensor is connected. 7. SYSTEM SETUP parameters must be configured as noted for 2-Speed unit operation:

EQUIPMENT = CONV

AUX2 IN = W FAN SPEED = 2SPEED

Table 7 — Da	amper Minimum Position Se	ettings and Readings on Ch	eckout Menu

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (CO2 SENSOR)	FAN SPEED	SETPOINTS	CHECKOUT
	1	MIN POS	VMAX–HS
NO	1	N/A	N/A
NO	2	MIN POS H	VMAX–HS
	2	MIN POS L	VMAX–LS
	1	VENT MIN	VMAX–HS
	1	VENT MAX	VMAX–HS
YES	2	VENT MIN H	VMAX–HS
TES	2	VENT MAX H	VMAX–LS
	2	VENT MIN L	N/A
	2	VENT MAX L	N/A

Table 8 — Dry Bulb Operation No DCV (CO₂ Sensor) — 1 Speed Fan

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-0	Y2-0	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
		OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
NONE	No	ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	MIN POS	Closed
		OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
NONE	Yes	ON	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open

*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu can turn on second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O after the delay if the call for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

Table 9 — Dry Bulb Operation With DCV (CO₂ Sensor) — 1 Speed Fan

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	¥1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-0	Y2-0	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
		OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
	No	ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN	Closed
Below CO ₂ Set		OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
	Yes	ON	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
	No	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
Above CO₂ Set		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open

*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu can turn on second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O after the delay if the call for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-0	Y2-0	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
		OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
NONE	NONE No	ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	MIN POS	Closed
NONE		OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
	Yes	Yes ON OFF HIGH 0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open			
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open

Table 10 — Enthalpy Operation No DCV (CO₂ Sensor) — 1 Speed Fan

*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu can turn on second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O after the delay if the call for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

Table 11 — Enthalpy Operation With DCV (CO₂ Sensor) — 1 Speed Fan

					<u> </u>		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	¥1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-0	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
		OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
	No	ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN	Closed
Below CO ₂ Set		OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
	Yes	ON	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
	No	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
Above CO ₂ Set		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open

*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu can turn on second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O after the delay if the call for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

Table 12 — Dry Bulb Operation No DCV (CO₂ Sensor) — 2 Speed Fan

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-0	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
NONE		OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
	No	ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	MIN POS	Closed
NONE		OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
	Yes	ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open

*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu can turn on second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O after the delay if the call for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-0	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
		OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
	No	ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN	Closed
Below CO ₂ Set		OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
	Yes	ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
	No	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
Above CO ₂ Set		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
ADOVE CO2 Set	Yes	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open

Table 13 — Dry Bulb Operation With DCV (CO₂ Sensor) — 2 Speed Fan

*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu can turn on second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O after the delay if the call for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

Table 14 — Enthalpy Operation No DCV (CO2 Sensor) — 2 Speed Fan

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-0	Y2-0	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
		OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
	No	ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	MIN POS	Closed
NO CO2 SENSOR	Yes	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open

*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu can turn on second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O after the delay if the call for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

Table 15 — Enthalpy Operation With DCV (CO₂ Sensor) — 2 Speed Fan

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-0	Y2-0	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
		OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
	No	ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN	Closed
Below CO ₂ Set		OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
	Yes	ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
	No	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
Above CO. Set		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
Above CO ₂ Set		OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
	Yes	ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open

*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu can turn on second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O after the delay if the call for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

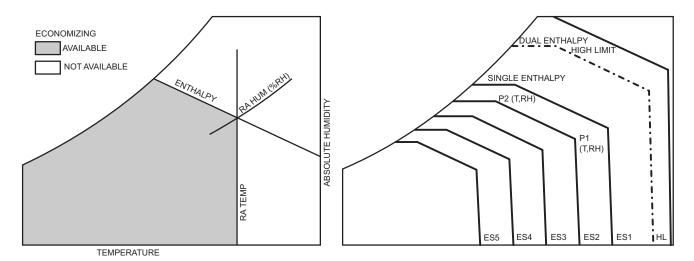


Fig. 44 — Single Enthalpy Curve Boundaries Table 16 — Single Enthalpy and Dual Enthalpy High Limit Curves

ENTHALPY	TEMP. DRY	TEMP.	ENTHALPY	POIN		POINT P2	
CURVE	BULB (F)	DEWPOINT (F)	(btu/lb/da) TEMP. (F)		HUMIDITY (%RH)	TEMP. (F)	HUMIDITY (%RH)
ES1	80	60	28.0	80	36.8	66.3	80.1
ES2	75	57	26.0	75	39.6	63.3	80.0
ES3	70	54	24.0	70	42.3	59.7	81.4
ES4	65	51	22.0	65	44.8	55.7	84.2
ES5	60	48	20.0	60	46.9	51.3	88.5
HL	86	66	32.4	86	38.9	72.4	80.3

ENTHALPY SETTINGS — When the OA temperature, enthalpy and dew point are below the respective setpoints, the Outdoor Air can be used for economizing. Fig. 44 shows the new single enthalpy boundaries in the W7220. There are 5 boundaries (setpoints ES1 through ES5), which are defined by dry bulb temperature, enthalpy and dew point.

Refer to Table 16 for ENTH CURVE setpoint values.

The W7220 calculates the enthalpy and dew point using the OA temperature and humidity input from the OA enthalpy sensor. When the OA temperature, OA humidity and OA dew point are all below the selected boundary, the economizer sets the economizing mode to YES, economizing is available.

When all of the OA conditions are above the selected boundary, the conditions are not good to economize and the mode is set to NO.

Fig. 44 shows the 5 current boundaries. There is also a high limit boundary for differential enthalpy. The high limit boundary is ES1 when there are no stages of mechanical cooling energized and HL (high limit) when a compressor stage is energized.

Table 16 provides the values for each boundary limit.

TWO-SPEED FAN OPERATION — The W7220 controller has the capability to work with a system using a 2-speed supply fan. The W7220 does not control the supply directly but uses the following input status to determine the speed of the supply fan and controls the OA damper to the required position, see Table 17.

Table 17 — Fan Speed

STATE	FAN SPEED
000	Low
Y1	Low
Y2	High
W	High

The W (heating mode) is not controlled by the W7220 but it requires the status to know where to position the OA damper for minimum position for the fan speed.

The 2 speed fan delay is available when the system is programmed for 2 speed fan (in the System Setup menu item). The 2 speed fan delay is defaulted to 5 minutes and can be changed in the Advanced Setup menu item. When the unit has a call for Y1 In and in the free cooling mode and there is a call for Y2 In, the 2-speed fan delay starts and the OA damper will modulate 100% open, the supply fan should be set to high speed by the unit controller.

After the delay one of two actions will happen:

- The Y2 In call will be satisfied with the damper 100% open and fan on high speed and the call will turn off OR
- If the call for additional cooling in the space has not been satisfied then the first stage of mechanical cooling will be enabled through Y1 Out or Y2 Out.

CHECKOUTInspect all wiring connections at the economizer module's terminals, and verify compliance with the installation wiring diagrams.

For checkout, review the Status of each configured parameter and perform the Checkout tests.

NOTE: For information about menu navigation and use of the keypad see Interface Overview on page 27.

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, property damage, or death.

Before performing service or maintenance operations on unit, always turn off main power switch to unit and install lock(s) and lockout tag(s). Unit may have more than one power switch. Ensure electrical service to rooftop unit agrees with voltage an amperage listed on the unit rating plate.

If any wiring changes are required, first be sure to remove power from the Economizer module before starting work. Pay particular attention to verifying the power connection (24 Vac).

<u>Power Up</u> — After the W7220 module is mounted and wired, apply power.

<u>Initial Menu Display</u> — On initial start-up, Honeywell displays on the first line and economizer W7220 on the second line. After a brief pause, the revision of the software appears on the first line and the second line will be blank.

<u>Power Loss (Outage or Brownout)</u> — All setpoints and advanced settings are restored after any power loss or interruption.

NOTE: All settings are stored in non-volatile flash memory.

<u>Status</u> — Use the Status menu (see Table 6) to check the parameter values for the various devices and sensors configured.

NOTE: For information about menu navigation and use of the keypad see Interface Overview on page 27.

<u>Checkout Tests</u> — Use the Checkout menu (on page 32) to test the damper operation and any configured outputs. Only items that are configured are shown in the Checkout menu.

NOTE: For information about menu navigation and use of the keypad see Interface Overview on page 27.

To perform a Checkout test:

- 1. Scroll to the desired test in the Checkout menu using the ▲ and ▼ buttons.
- 2. Press the \blacksquare button to select the item.
- 3. RUN? appears.
- 4. Press the \leftarrow button to start the test.
- 5. The unit pauses and then displays IN PROGRESS.
- 6. When the test is complete, DONE appears.
- When all desired parameters have been tested, press the
 (1) (Menu Up) button to end the test.

The Checkout tests can all be performed at the time of installation or at any time during the operation of the system as a test that the system is operable.

TROUBLESHOOTING

<u>Alarms</u> — The economizer module provides alarm messages that display on the 2-line LCD.

NOTE: Upon power up, the module waits 60 minutes before checking for alarms. This allows time for all the configured devices (e.g. sensors, actuator) to become operational. The exception is the SAT sensor which will alarm immediately.

If one or more alarms are present and there has been no keypad activity for at least 5 minutes, the Alarms menu displays and cycles through the active alarms.

You can also navigate to the Alarms menu at any time.

<u>Clearing Alarms</u> — Once the alarm has been identified and the cause has been removed (e.g. replaced faulty sensor) the alarm can be cleared from the display.

To clear an alarm, perform the following:

- 1. Navigate to the desired alarm.
- 2. Press the *L* button.
- 3. ERASE? displays.
- 4. Press the 📕 button.
- 5. ALARM ERASED displays.
- 6. Press the (Menu up/Exit) button to complete the action and return to the previous menu.

NOTE: If the alarm still exists after you clear it, it is redisplayed within 5 seconds.

Failure to follow this caution may result in damage to equipment. Be sure to allow enough time for compressor start-up and shutdown between checkout tests so that you do not short-cycle the compressors.

Low Ambient Control (Factory Option) — If the unit comes with Electro-Mechanical (EM) control, then no adjustment is necessary.

If the unit comes with PremierLink or RTU Open control option, then refer to its installation control manual for details on adjusting "Cooling Lock-Out" setting and configure for your specific job requirements.

Staged Air Volume (SAV) with Variable Frequency Drive (Factory Option) — For details on operating 48HC 2 stage cooling units equipped with the factory-installed Staged Air Volume option, refer to the Variable Frequency Drive (VFD) Installation, Setup and Troubleshooting Supplement.

PremierLink[™] Controller (Factory Option)

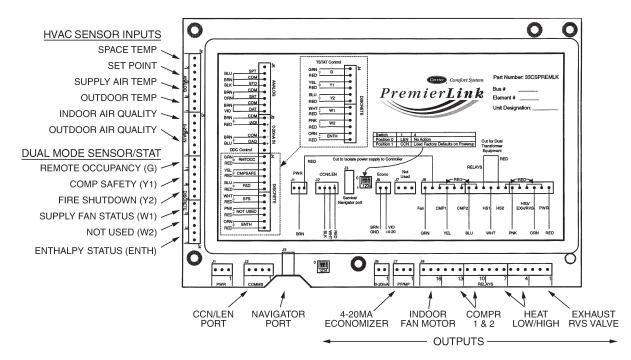


Fig. 45 — PremierLink Controller

The PremierLink controller (see Fig. 45) is compatible with Carrier Comfort Network[®] (CCN) devices. This control is designed to allow users the access and ability to change factory-defined settings, thus expanding the function of the standard unit control board. CCN service access tools include System PilotTM, Touch PilotTM and Service Tool. (Standard tier display tools NavigatorTM and Scrolling Marquee are not suitable for use with latest PremierLink controller (Version 2.x).)

The PremierLink controller is factory-mounted in the 50HC unit's main control box to the right of the Central Terminal Board (CTB) (see Fig. 46). Factory wiring is completed through harnesses connected to the CTB thermostat. Field connections are made at a 16-pole terminal block (TB3) located at the top of the unit control box in front of the PremierLink controller. The factory-installed PremierLink controller includes the supply-air temperature (SAT) sensor. The outdoor air temperature (OAT) sensor is included in the FIOP/accessory EconoMi§er 2 package.

The PremierLink controller requires the use of a Carrier electronic thermostat or a CCN connection for time broadcast to initiate its internal timeclock. This is necessary for broadcast of time of day functions (occupied/unoccupied).

NOTE: PremierLink controller is shipped in Sensor mode. To be used with a thermostat, the PremierLink controller must be configured to Thermostat mode. Refer to Premier-Link Configuration instructions for Operating Mode.

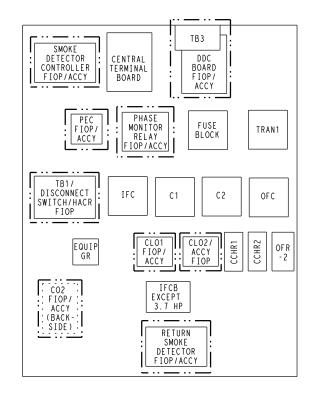


Fig. 46 — 50HC Control Box Component Locations

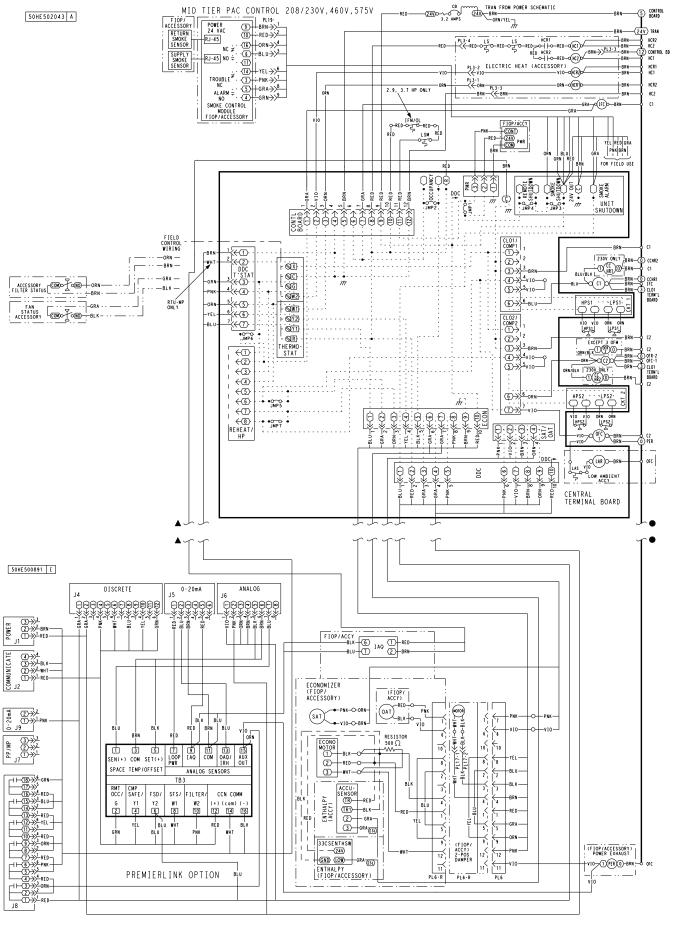


Fig. 47 — PremierLink Wiring Schematic

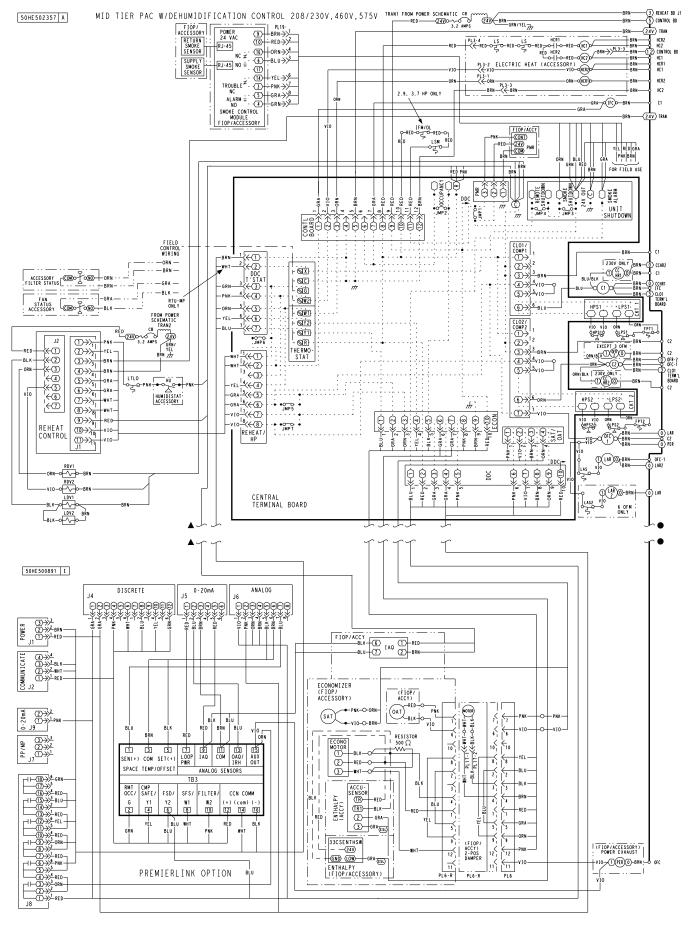


Fig. 48 — PremierLink™ Wiring Schematic with Humidi-MiZer[®] System Option

Supply Air Temperature (SAT) Sensor — On FIOP-equipped 50HC units, the unit is supplied with a supplyair temperature (SAT) sensor (33ZCSENSAT). This sensor is a tubular probe type, approx 6-inches (152 mm) in length. It is a nominal 10k ohm thermistor.

The SAT is factory-wired. The SAT probe is wire-tied to the supply-air opening (on the horizontal opening end) in its shipping position. Remove the sensor for installation. Re-position the sensor in the flange of the supply-air opening or in the supply air duct (as required by local codes). Drill or punch a 1/2-in. hole in the flange or duct. Use two field-supplied, self-drilling screws to secure the sensor probe in a horizontal orientation.

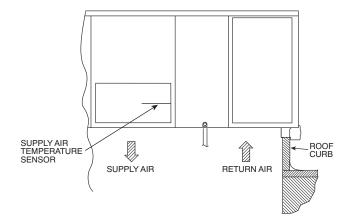


Fig. 49 — Mounting Location for Supply Air Temperature (SAT) Sensor on 50HC Units

NOTE: Refer PremierLink Controller Installation, Start-up, and Configuration Instructions for complete PremierLink controller configuration, operating sequences and troubleshooting information. Have a copy of this manual available at unit setup.

NOTE: The sensor must be mounted in the discharge airstream downstream of the cooling coil and any heating devices. Be sure the probe tip does not come in contact with any of the unit's heater surfaces.

OUTDOOR AIR TEMPERATURE (OAT) SENSOR — The OAT is factory-mounted in the EconoMi\$er 2 (FIOP or accessory). It is a nominal 10k ohm thermistor attached to an eyelet mounting ring.

ECONOMI\$ER 2 — The PremierLink controller is used with EconoMi\$er 2 (option or accessory) for outdoor air management. The damper position is controlled directly by the PremierLink control; EconoMi\$er 2 has no internal logic device.

Outdoor air management functions can be enhanced with field-installation of these accessory control devices:

Enthalpy control (outdoor air or differential sensors)

Space CO₂ sensor

Outdoor air CO2 sensor

Refer to Table 18 for accessory part numbers.

Field Connections — Field connections for accessory sensor and input devices are made at the 16-pole terminal block (TB3, see Fig. 47 and 48) located on the control box top shelf in front of the PremierLink control. Some input devices also require a 24-vac signal source; connect at CTB terminal R at "THERMOSTAT" connection strip for this signal source. See connections figures on following pages for field connection locations (and for continued connections at the PremierLink controller board inputs).

Table 19 provides a summary of field connections for units equipped with Space Sensor. Table 20 provides a summary of field connections for units equipped with Space Thermostat.

Table 18 — PremierLink Controller Sensor Usage

APPLICATION	OUTDOOR AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR	RETURN AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR	OUTDOOR AIR ENTHALPY SENSOR	RETURN AIR ENTHALPY SENSOR
Differential Dry Bulb Temperature with PremierLink (PremierLink requires 4-20 mA Actuator)	Included — CRTEMPSN001A00	Required — 33ZCT55SPT or equivalent	—	_
Single Enthalpy with PremierLink (PremierLink requires 4-20mA Actuator)	Included — Not Used	—	Requires — 33CSENTHSW	_
Differential Enthalpy with PremierLink (PremierLink requires 4-20mA Actuator)	Included — Not Used	—	Requires — 33CSENTHSW or equivalent	Requires — 33CSENTSEN or equivalent

NOTES:

CO₂ Sensors (Optional):

33ZCSENCO2 — Room sensor (adjustable). Aspirator box is required for duct mounting of the sensor.

33ZCASPCO2 — Aspirator box used for duct-mounted CO2 room sensor.

33ZCT55CO2 — Space temperature and CO₂ room sensor with override.

33ZCT56CO2 - Space temperature and CO_2 room sensor with override and setpoint.

Table 19 — Space Sensor Mode

TB3 TERMINAL	FIELD CONNECTION	INPUT SIGNAL
1	T55—SEN/T56—SEN	Analog (10k thermistor)
2	RMTOCC	Discrete, 24VAC
3	T55—SEN/T56—SEN	Analog (10k thermistor)
4	CMPSAFE	Discrete, 24VAC
5	T56—SET	Analog (10k thermistor)
6	FSD	Discrete, 24VAC
7	LOOP—PWR	Analog, 24VDC
8	SPS	Discrete, 24VAC
9	IAQ—SEN	Analog, 4-20mA
10	FILTER	Discrete, 24VAC
11	IAQ—COM/OAQ—COM/RH—COM	Analog, 4-20mA
12	CCN + (RED)	Digital, 5VDC
13	OAQ—SEN/RH—SEN	Analog, 4-20mA
14	CCN Gnd (WHT)	Digital, 5VDC
15	AUX OUT (Power Exhaust)	(Output) Discrete 24VAC
16	CCN —(BLK)	Digital, 5VDC

LEGEND

 CCN
 — Carrier Comfort Network (communication bus)

 CMPSAFE
 — Compressor Safety

 FILTER
 — Dirty Filter Switch

 FSD
 — Fire Shutdown

 IAQ
 — Indoor Air Quality (CO₂)

 OAQ
 — Outdoor Air Quality (CO₂)

 RH
 — Relative Humidity

 SFS
 — Supply Fan Status

 T55
 — Space Temperature Sensor

 T56
 — Space Temperature Sensor

Table 20 — Thermostat Mode

TB3 TERMINAL	FIELD CONNECTION	INPUT SIGNAL
1	RAT SEN	Analog (10k thermistor)
2	G	Discrete, 24VAC
3	RAT SEN	Analog (10k thermistor)
4	Y1	Discrete, 24VAC
5	—	_
6	Y2	Discrete, 24VAC
7	LOOP—PWR	Analog, 24VDC
8	W1	Discrete, 24VAC
9	IAQ—SEN	Analog, 4-20mA
10	W2	Discrete, 24VAC
11	IAQ—COM/OAQ—COM/RH—COM	Analog, 4-20mA
12	CCN + (RED)	Digital, 5VDC
13	OAQ—SEN/RH—SEN	Analog, 4-20mA
14	CCN Gnd (WHT)	Digital, 5VDC
15	AUX OUT (Power Exhaust)	(Output) Discrete 24VAC
16	CCN — (BLK)	Digital, 5VDC

LEGEND

Carrier Comfort Network (communication bus)
Thermostat Fan
Indoor Air Quality (CO₂)
Outdoor Air Quality (CO₂)
Return Air Temperature
Relative Humidity
Thermostat Heat Stage 1
Thermostat Heat Stage 2
Thermostat Cool Stage 1
Thermostat Cool Stage 2 CCN G IAQ OAQ RAT RH W1

W2

Y1 Y2

SPACE SENSORS — The PremierLink controller is factoryshipped configured for Space Sensor Mode. A Carrier T-55 or T-56 space sensor must be used. T-55 space temperature sensor provides a signal of space temperature to the PremierLink controller. T-56 provides same space temperature signal plus it allows for adjustment of space temperature setpoints from the face of the sensor by the occupants.

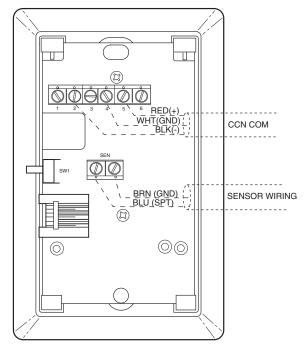


Fig. 50 — T-55 Space Temperature Sensor Wiring

<u>Connect T-55</u> — See Fig. 50 for typical T-55 internal connections. Connect the T-55 SEN terminals to TB3 terminals 1 and 3 (see Fig. 51).

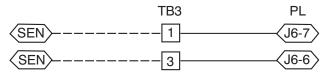


Fig. 51 — PremierLink™ Controller T-55 Sensor

<u>Connect T-56</u> — See Fig. 52 for T-56 internal connections. Install a jumper between SEN and SET terminals as illustrated. Connect T-56 terminals to TB3 terminals 1, 3 and 5 (see Fig. 53).

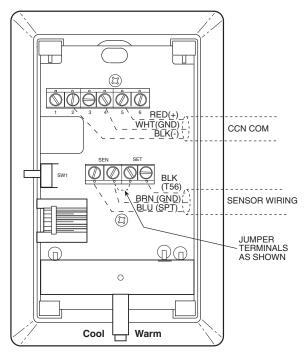
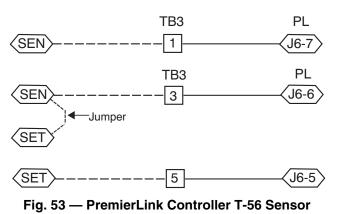


Fig. 52 — T-56 Internal Connections



CONNECT THERMOSTAT — A 7-wire thermostat connection requires a 24-v power source and a common connection. Use the R and C terminals on the CTB's THERMOSTAT connection strip for these. Connect the thermostat's Y1, Y2, W1, W2 and G terminals to PremierLink TB3 as shown in Fig. 54.

If the 50HC unit is equipped with factory-installed smoke detector(s), disconnect the factory BLU lead at TB3-6 (Y2) before connecting the thermostat. Identify the BLU lead originating at CTB-DDC-1; disconnect at TB3-6 and tape off. Confirm that the second BLU lead at TB3-6 remains connected to PremierLink J4-8.

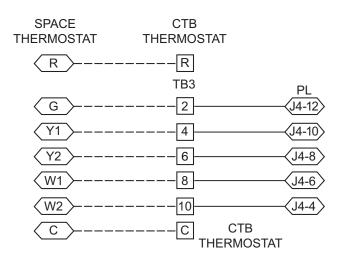


Fig. 54 — Space Thermostat Connections

If the 50HC unit has an economizer system and free-cooling operation is required, a sensor representing Return Air Temperature must also be connected (field-supplied and installed). This sensor may be a T-55 Space Sensor (see Fig. 50) installed in the space or in the return duct, or it may be sensor P/N 33ZCSENSAT, installed in the return duct. Connect this sensor to TB3-1 and TB3-3 per Fig. 51.

CONFIGURE THE UNIT FOR THERMOSTAT MODE — Connect to the CCN bus using a CCN service tool and navigate to PremierLink Configuration screen for Operating Mode. Default setting is Sensor Mode (value 1). Change the value to 0 to reconfigure the controller for Thermostat Mode.

When the PremierLink controller is configured for Thermostat Mode, these functions are not available: Fire Shutdown (FSD), Remote Occupied (RMTOCC), Compressor Safety (CMPSAFE), Supply Fan Status (SFS), and Filter Pressure Switch (FILTER).

Economizer Controls

INDOOR AIR QUALITY (CO₂) SENSOR — The indoor air quality sensor accessory monitors space carbon dioxide (CO₂) levels. This information is used to monitor IAQ levels. Several types of sensors are available, for wall mounting in the space or in return duct, with and without LCD display, and in combination with space temperature sensors. Sensors use infrared technology to measure the levels of CO₂ present in the space air.

The CO_2 sensors are all factory set for a range of 0 to 2000 ppm and a linear mA output of 4 to 20. Refer to the instructions supplied with the CO_2 sensor for electrical requirements and terminal locations. See Fig. 55 for typical CO_2 sensor wiring schematic.

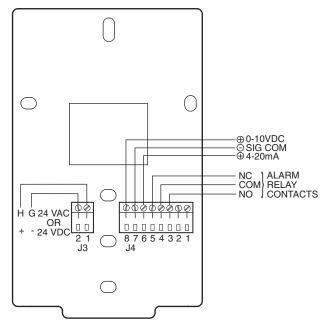


Fig. 55 — Indoor/Outdoor Air Quality (CO₂) Sensor (33ZCSENCO2) — Typical Wiring Diagram

To accurately monitor the quality of the air in the conditioned air space, locate the sensor near a return-air grille (if present) so it senses the concentration of CO_2 leaving the space. The sensor should be mounted in a location to avoid direct breath contact.

Do not mount the IAQ sensor in drafty areas such as near supply ducts, open windows, fans, or over heat sources. Allow at least 3 ft (0.9 m) between the sensor and any corner. Avoid mounting the sensor where it is influenced by the supply air; the sensor gives inaccurate readings if the supply air is blown directly onto the sensor or if the supply air does not have a chance to mix with the room air before it is drawn into the return airstream.

Wiring the Indoor Air Quality Sensor — For each sensor, use two 2-conductor 18 AWG (American Wire Gage) twisted-pair cables (unshielded) to connect the separate isolated 24 vac power source to the sensor and to connect the sensor to the control board terminals.

To connect the sensor to the control, identify the positive (4 to 20 mA) and ground (SIG COM) terminals on the sensor. See Fig. 55. Connect the 4-20 mA terminal to terminal TB3-9 and connect the SIG COM terminal to terminal TB3-11. See Fig. 56.

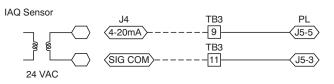


Fig. 56 — Indoor CO₂ Sensor (33ZCSENCO2) Connections

Refer to PremierLink Controller Installation, Start-up, and Configuration Instructions, for detailed configuration information.

OUTDOOR AIR QUALITY SENSOR (P/N 33ZCSENCO2 PLUS WEATHERPROOF ENCLOSURE) — The outdoor air CO₂ sensor is designed to monitor carbon dioxide (CO₂) levels in the outside ventilation air and interface with the ventilation damper in an HVAC system. The OAQ sensor is packaged with an outdoor cover. See Fig. 57. The outdoor air CO₂ sensor must be located in the economizer outside air hood.

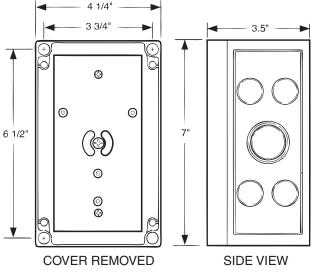


Fig. 57 — Outdoor Air Quality Sensor Cover

<u>Wiring the Outdoor Air CO₂ Sensor</u> — A dedicated power supply is required for this sensor. A two-wire cable is required to wire the dedicated power supply for the sensor. The two wires should be connected to the power supply and terminals 1 and 2.

To connect the sensor to the control, identify the positive (4 to 20 mA) and ground (SIG COM) terminals on the OAQ sensor. See Fig. 55. Connect the 4 to 20 mA terminal to the TB3-13 terminal of the 48HC. Connect the SIG COM terminal to the TB3-11 terminal of the 50HC. See Fig. 58.

OAQ Sensor

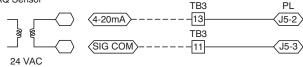


Fig. 58 — Outdoor CO₂ Sensor Connections

SPACE RELATIVE HUMIDITY SENSOR OR HUMIDI-STAT CONNECTIONS

<u>Space Relative Humidity Sensor connections</u> — The accessory space relative humidity sensor (33ZCSENSRH-01) is installed on an interior wall to measure the relative humidity of the air within the occupied space.

The use of a standard 2 X 4 inch electrical box to accommodate the wiring is recommended for installation. The sensor can be mounted directly on the wall, if acceptable by local codes.

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in permanent damage to the sensor.

DO NOT clean or touch the sensing element with chemical solvents as they can permanently damage the sensor.

IMPORTANT: UNIT PERFORMANCE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution will result in inaccurate sensor readings.

DO NOT mount the sensor in drafty areas such as near heating or air-conditioning ducts, open windows, fans, or over heat sources such as baseboard heaters, radiators, or wall-mounted dimmers. Sensors mounted in those areas will produce inaccurate readings.

If the sensor is installed directly on a wall service, install the humidity sensor using 2 screws and 2 hollow wall anchors (field-supplied). Do not over tighten screws. See Fig. 59.

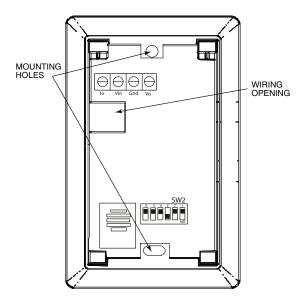


Fig. 59 — Space Relative Humidity Sensor Installation

The sensor must be mounted vertically on the wall. The Carrier logo should be orientated correctly when the sensor is properly mounted.

Avoid corner locations. Allow at least 4 ft between the sensor and any corner. Airflow near corners tends to be reduced, resulting in erratic sensor readings. The sensor should be vertically mounted approximately 5 ft up from the floor, beside the space temperature sensor.

For wiring distances up to 500 feet, use a 3-conductor, 18 or 20 AWG cable. A CCN communication cable can be used, although the shield is not required. The shield must be removed from the sensor end of the cable if this cable is used. See Fig. 60 for wiring details.

Filter Switch (NO, close on rising pressure (high drop))

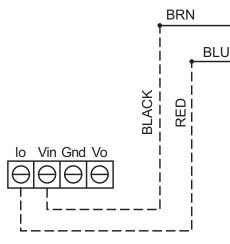


Fig. 60 — Space Relative Humidity Sensor Connection

The power for the sensor is provided by the PremierLink controller on terminal J5-4 (+33 to +35 vdc).

To wire the sensor:

- 1. At the sensor, remove 4 inches of the jacket from the cable. Strip 1/4 inch of insulation from each conductor. Route the cable through the wire clearance opening in the center of the sensor. See Fig. 59.
- 2. Connect a field-supplied BLACK wire to the sensor screw terminal marked Vin.
- 3. Connect a field-supplied RED wire into the sensor screw terminal marked Io.
- 4. Connect the field-supplied RED wire from the sensor to TB3-13.
- 5. Connect the field-supplied BLACK wire from the sensor to TB3-7.

<u>Humidistat Connections</u> — A humidistat can not be directly connected to the PremierLink controller. Follow the instructions on pages 18 and 20 to connect a humidistat or a thermostat as an electromechanical device.

SMOKE DETECTOR/FIRE SHUTDOWN (FSD) — This function is available only when the PremierLink controller is configured for (Space) Sensor Mode. The unit is factory-wired for PremierLink FSD operation when the PremierLink controller is factory-installed.

On 50HC units equipped with factory-installed Smoke Detector(s), the smoke detector controller implements the unit shutdown through its NC contact set connected to the unit's CTB input. The FSD function is initiated via the smoke detector's Alarm NO contact set. The PremierLink controller communicates the smoke detector's tripped status to the CCN building control. See Fig. 47 and Fig. 48, typical PremierLink controller wiring diagrams.

FILTER STATUS SWITCH — This function is available only when the PremierLink controller is configured for (Space) Sensor Mode.

PremierLink controller can monitor return filter status in two ways: By monitoring a field-supplied/installed filter pressure switch or via supply fan runtime hours.

<u>Using Switch Input</u> — Install the dirty filter pressure switch according to switch manufacturer's instructions, to measure pressure drop across the unit's return filters. Connect one side of the switch's NO contact set to CTB's THERMOSTAT-R terminal. Connect the other side of the NO contact set to TB3-10. Setpoint for Dirty Filter is set at the switch. See Fig. 61.

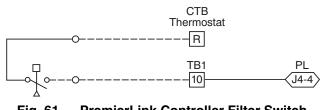


Fig. 61 — PremierLink Controller Filter Switch Connection

When the filter switch's NO contact set closes as filter pressure drop increases (indicating dirt-laden filters), the input signal to the PremierLink controller causes the filter status point to read "DIRTY."

<u>Using Filter Timer Hours</u> — Refer to the PremierLink Controller Installation, Start-up, and Configuration Instructions for instructions on using the PremierLink Configuration screens and on unit alarm sequence.

SUPPLY FAN STATUS SWITCH — The PremierLink controller can monitor supply fan operation through a field-supplied/installed differential pressure switch. This sequence will prevent (or interrupt) operation of unit cooling, heating and economizer functions until the pressure switch contacts are closed indicating proper supply fan operation.

Install the differential pressure switch in the supply fan section according to switch manufacturer's instructions. Arrange the switch contact to be open on no flow and to close as pressure rises indicating fan operation.

Connect one side of the switch's NO contact set to CTB's THERMOSTAT-R terminal. Connect the other side of the NO contact set to TB3-8. Setpoint for Supply Fan Status is set at the switch. See Fig. 62.

Fan (Pressure) Switch (NO, close on rise in pressure)

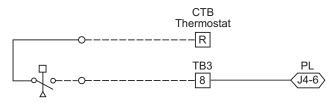


Fig. 62 — PremierLink Controller Wiring Fan Pressure Switch Connection

REMOTE OCCUPIED SWITCH — The PremierLink controller permits a remote timeclock to override the control's onboard occupancy schedule and place the unit into Occupied mode. This function may also provide a "Door Switch" time delay function that will terminate cooling and heating functions after a 2 to 20 minute delay.

Connect one side of the NO contact set on the timeclock to CTB's THERMOSTAT-R terminal. Connect the other side of the timeclock contact to the unit's TB3-2 terminal.



Fig. 63 — PremierLink Controller Wiring Remote Occupied

Refer to the PremierLink Controller Installation, Start-up, and Configuration Instructions for additional information on configuring the PremierLink controller for Door Switch timer function. POWER EXHAUST (OUTPUT) — Connect the accessory Power Exhaust contactor coil(s) per Fig. 64.

Power Exhaust

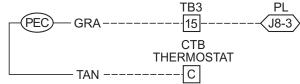


Fig. 64 — PremierLink Controller Power Exhaust Output Connection

NOTE: The Power Exhaust and Humidi-MiZer[®] options can not be used with PremierLink at the same time as both options require connection at TB3-15 (AUX OUT).

CCN COMMUNICATION BUS — The PremierLink controller connects to the bus in a daisy chain arrangement. Negative pins on each component must be connected to respective negative pins, and likewise, positive pins on each component must be connected to respective positive pins. The controller signal pins must be wired to the signal ground pins. Wiring connections for CCN must be made at the 3-pin plug.

At any baud (9600, 19200, 38400 baud), the number of controllers is limited to 239 devices maximum. Bus length may not exceed 4000 ft (1219 m), with no more than 60 total devices on any 1000-ft section. Optically isolated RS-485 repeaters are required every 1000 ft (305 m).

NOTE: Carrier device default is 9600 baud.

<u>Communications Bus Wire Specifications</u> — The CCN Communication Bus wiring is field-supplied and field-installed. It consists of shielded 3-conductor cable with drain (ground) wire. The cable selected must be identical to the CCN Communication Bus wire used for the entire network.

See Table 21 for recommended cable.

Table 21 — Recommended Cables

MANUFACTURER	CABLE PART NO.
Alpha	2413 or 5463
American	A22503
Belden	8772
Columbia	02525

NOTE: Conductors and drain wire must be at least 20 AWG, stranded, and tinned copper. Individual conductors must be insulated with PVC, PVC/nylon, vinyl, Teflon¹, or

polyethylene. An aluminum/polyester 100% foil shield and an outer jacket of PVC, PVC/nylon, chrome vinyl, or Teflon with a minimum operating temperature range of -20°C to 60°C is required. Do not run communication wire in the same conduit as or next to any AC voltage wiring.

The communication bus shields must be tied together at each system element. If the communication bus is entirely within one building, the resulting continuous shield must be connected to ground at only one single point. If the communication bus cable exits from one building and enters another building, the shields must be connected to the grounds at a lightning suppressor in each building (one point only).

Connecting CCN Bus

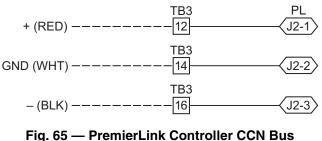
NOTE: When connecting the communication bus cable, a color code system for the entire network is recommended to simplify installation and checkout. See Table 22 for the recommended color code.

Table 22 —	Color	Code	Recommendations
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SIGNAL TYPE	CCN BUS WIRE COLOR	CCN PLUG PIN NUMBER	
+	Red	1	
GROUND	White	2	
-	Black	3	

Connect the CCN (+) lead (typically RED) to the unit's TB3-12 terminal. Connect the CCN (ground) lead (typically WHT) to the unit's TB3-14 terminal. Connect the CCN (–) lead (typically BLK) to the unit's TB3-16 terminal. See Fig. 65.





Connections

1. Teflon is a registered trademark of DuPont.

RTU Open Controller System — The RTU Open controller is factory-mounted in the 50HC unit's main control box, to the right of the CTB. See Fig. 46. Factory wiring is completed through harnesses connected to the CTB. Field-connections for RTU Open controller sensors will be made at the Phoenix connectors on the RTU Open board. The factory-installed RTU Open controller includes the supply-air temperature (SAT) sensor. The outdoor air temperature (OAT) sensor is included in the FIOP/accessory EconoMi\$er 2 package.

The RTU Open controller is an integrated component of the Carrier rooftop unit. Its internal application programming provides optimum performance and energy efficiency. RTU Open enables the unit to run in 100% stand-alone control

mode, Carrier's i-Vu[®] Open network, or a Third Party Building Automation System (BAS). On-board DIP switches allow you to select your protocol (and baud rate) of choice among the four most popular protocols in use today: BACnet¹, Modbus², Johnson N2 and LonWorks³. (See Fig. 66.)

Refer to Table 23, RTU Open Controller Inputs and Outputs for locations of all connections to the RTU Open controller board.

1.BACnet is a registered trademark of ASHRAE (American Society

of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers). 2.Modbus is a registered trademark of Schneider Electric.

3.LonWorks is a registered trademark of Echelon Corporation.

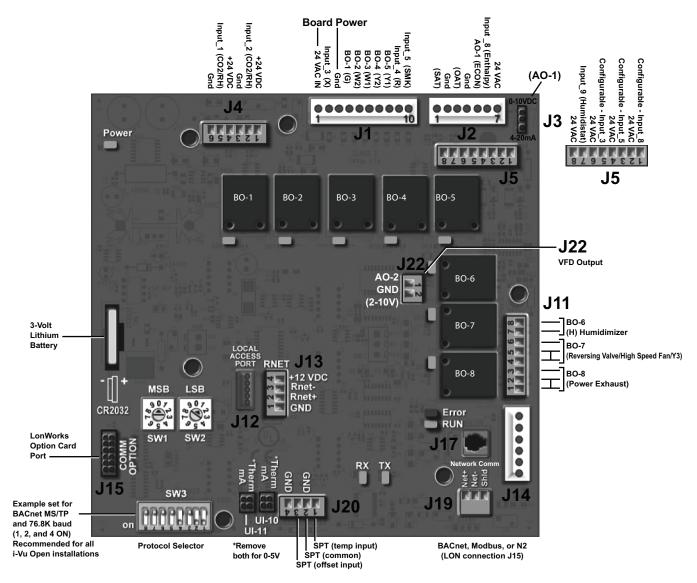


Fig. 66 — RTU Open Multi-Protocol Controller Board

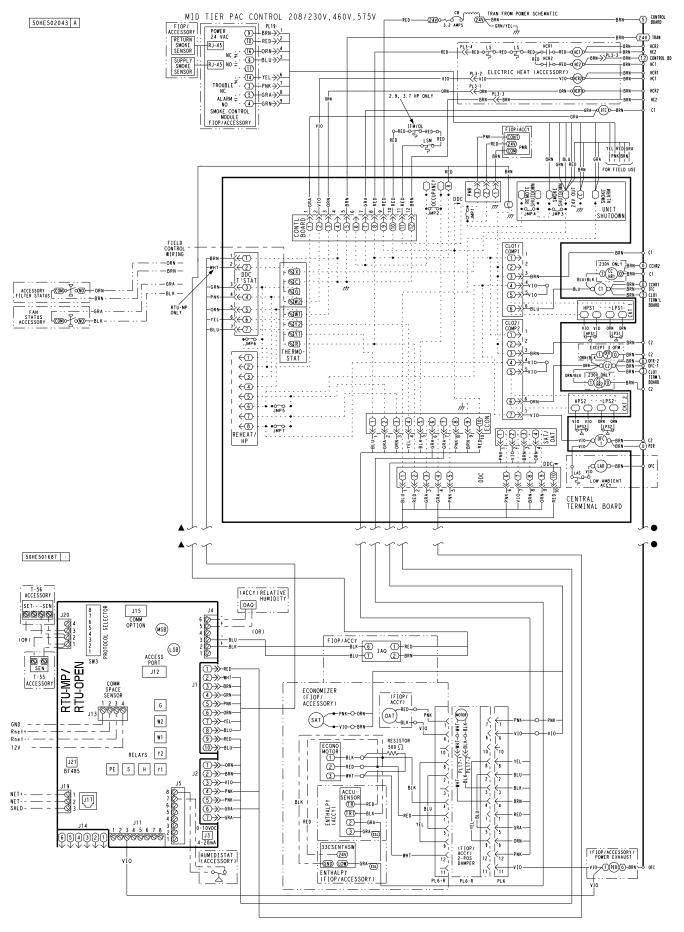


Fig. 67 — RTU Open System Control Wiring Diagram

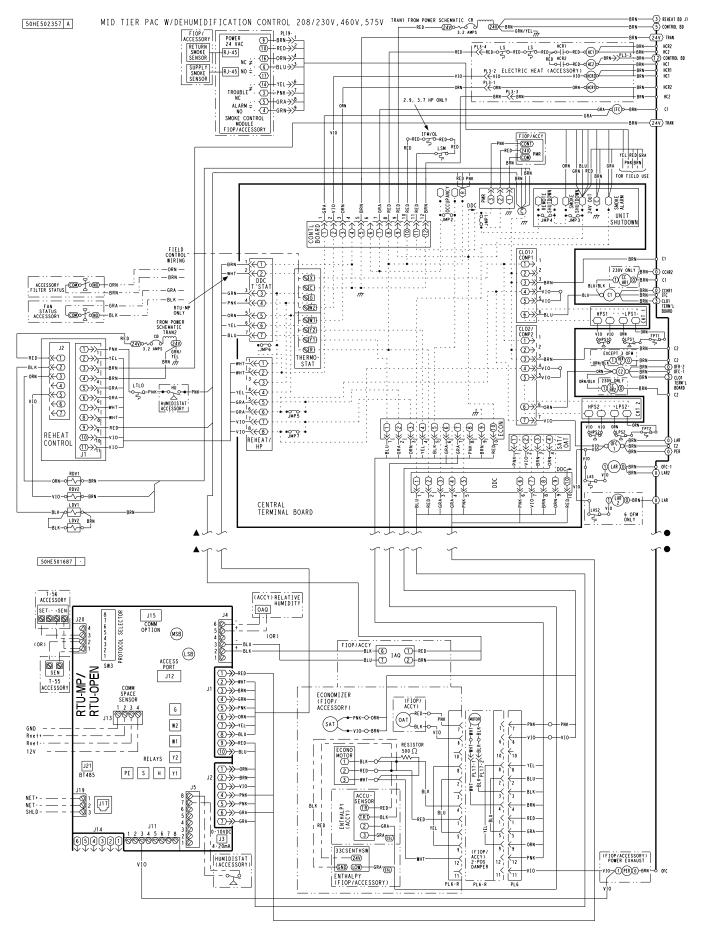


Fig. 68 — RTU Open System Control Wiring Diagram with Humidi-MiZer® System Option

POINT NAME	BACNET OBJECT NAME	TYPE OF I/O	CONNECTION PIN NUMBER(S)
DEDICATED INPUTS			
Space Temp / Zone Temp	zone_temp	AI (10K Thermistor)	J20—1, 2
Supply Air Temperature	sa_temp	AI (10K Thermistor)	J2—1, 2
Outside Air Temperature	oa_temp	AI (10K Thermistor)	J2—3, 4
Space Temperature Offset Pot	stpt_adj_offset	AI (100K Potentiometer)	J20—3, 4
Safety Chain Feedback	safety_status	BI (24 VAC)	J1—9
Compressor Safety Status	comp_status	BI (24 VAC)	J1—2
Fire Shutdown Status	firedown_status	BI (24 VAC)	J1—10
Enthalpy Status	enthalpy_status	BI (24 VAC)	J2—6
Humidistat Input Status	humstat_status	BI (24 VAC)	J5—7
CONFIGURABLE INPUTS			
ndoor Air CO ₂	iaq	AI (4-20 mA)	
Outdoor Air CO ₂	oaq	AI (4-20 mA)	J4—2 or J4—5
Space Relative Humidity	space_rh	AI (4-20 mA)	
Supply Fan Status*	sfan_status	BI (24 VAC)	
Filter Status*	filter_status	BI (24 VAC)	
Door Contact Input*	door_contact_status	BI (24 VAC)	J5—1 or J5—3 or J5—5 or J5—7
Occupancy Contact*	occ_contact_status	BI (24 VAC)	
OUTPUTS		•	
Economizer Output	econ_output	AO (4-0mA)	J2—5
Supply Fan Relay State	sfan	BO Relay (24VAC, 1A)	J1—4
Compressor 1 Relay State	comp_1	BO Relay (24VAC, 1A)	J1—8
Compressor 2 Relay State	comp_2	BO Relay (24VAC, 1A)	J1— 7
Heat Stage 1 Relay State	heat_1	BO Relay (24VAC, 1A)	J1—6
Heat Stage 2 Relay State	heat_2	BO Relay (24VAC, 1A)	J1—5
Power Exhaust Relay State	pexh	BO Relay (24VAC, 1A)	J11—3
Dehumidification Relay State	dehum	BO Relay (24VAC, 1A)	J11—7, 8

LEGEND

AI Analog Input

Analog Output
Binary Input AO

BI - Binary Output BO

The RTU Open controller requires the use of a Carrier space sensor. A standard thermostat cannot be used with the RTU Open system.

SUPPLY AIR TEMPERATURE (SAT) SENSOR — On FIOP-equipped 50HC unit, the unit is supplied with a supplyair temperature (SAT) sensor (33ZCSENSAT). This sensor is a tubular probe type, approx 6-inches (152 mm) in length. It is a nominal 10k ohm thermistor.

The SAT is factory-wired. The SAT probe is wire-tied to the supply-air opening (on the horizontal opening end) in its shipping position. Remove the sensor for installation. Re-position the sensor in the flange of the supply-air opening or in the supply air duct (as required by local codes). Drill or punch a 1/2-in. hole in the flange or duct. Use two field-supplied, self-drilling screws to secure the sensor probe in a horizontal orientation. See Fig. 49.

OUTDOOR AIR TEMPERATURE (OAT) SENSOR -The OAT is factory-mounted in the EconoMi\$er® 2 (FIOP or accessory). It is a nominal 10k ohm thermistor attached to an evelet mounting ring.

ECONOMI\$ER® 2 — The RTU Open controller is used with EconoMi\$er 2 (factory-installed option or field-installed accessory) for outdoor air management. The damper position is controlled directly by the RTU Open controller; EconoMi\$er 2 has no internal logic device.

*These inputs (if installed) take the place of the default input on the specific channel according to schematic. Parallel pins J5-1 = J2-6, J5-3 = J1-10, J5-5 = J1-2 are

used for field-installation.

Outdoor air management functions can be enhanced with field-installation of these accessory control devices:

Enthalpy control (outdoor air or differential sensors)

Space CO₂ sensor

Outdoor air CO2 sensor

Field Connections — Field connections for accessory sensors and input devices are made the RTU Open controller, at plugs J1, J2, J4, J5, J11 and J20. All field control wiring that connects to the RTU Open controller must be routed through the raceway built into the corner post as shown in Fig. 30. The raceway provides the UL required clearance between high and low-voltage wiring. Pass the control wires through the hole provided in the corner post, then feed the wires thorough the raceway to the RTU Open controller. Connect to the wires to the removable Phoenix connectors and then reconnect the connectors to the board.

SPACE TEMPERATURE (SPT) SENSORS — There are two types of SPT sensors available from Carrier, resistive input non-communicating (T55, T56, and T59) and Rnet communicating (SPS, SPPL, SPP, and SPPF) sensors. Each type has a variety of options consisting of: timed override button, set point adjustment, a LCD screen, and communication tie in. Space temperature can be also be written to from a building network or zoning system. However, it is still recommended that return air duct sensor be installed to allow stand-alone

operation for back-up. Refer to the configuration section for details on controller configurations associated with space sensors.

- 33ZCT55SPT, space temperature sensor with override button (T-55)
- 33ZCT56SPT, space temperature sensor with override button and setpoint adjustment (T-56)
- 33ZCT59SPT, space temperature sensor with LCD (liquid crystal display) screen, override button, and setpoint adjustment (T-59)

Use 20 gauge wire to connect the sensor to the controller. The wire is suitable for distances of up to 500 ft (152 m). Use a three-conductor shielded cable for the sensor and setpoint adjustment connections. If the setpoint adjustment (slidebar) is not required, then an unshielded, 18 or 20 gauge, two-conductor, twisted pair cable may be used.

<u>Connect T-55</u> — See Fig. 50 for typical T-55 internal connections. Connect the T-55 SEN terminals to the RTU Open controller at J20-1 and J20-2. See Fig. 69.

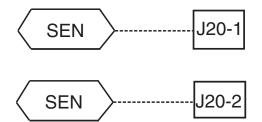


Fig. 69 — RTU Open Controller T-55 Sensor Connections

<u>Connect T-56</u> — See Fig. 52 for T-56 internal connections. Install a jumper between SEN and SET terminals as illustrated. Connect T-56 terminals to the RTU Open controller at J20—1, J20—2 and J20—3 per Fig. 70.

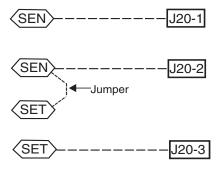
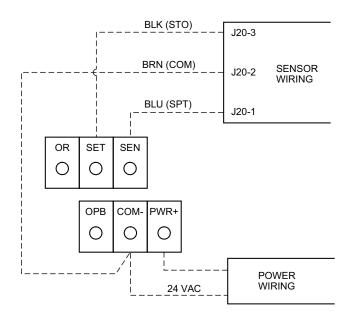


Fig. 70 — RTU Open Controller T-56 Sensor Connections

<u>Connect T-59</u> — The T-59 space sensor requires a separate, isolated power supply of 24 VAC. See Fig. 71 for internal connections at the T-59. Connect the SEN terminal (BLU) to the RTU Open controller at J20—1. Connect the COM terminal (BRN) to J20—2. Connect the SET terminal (STO or BLK) to J20—3.



NOTE: Must use a separate isolated transformer.

Fig. 71 — Space Temperature Sensor Typical Wiring (33ZCT59SPT)

INDOOR AIR QUALITY (CO₂) SENSOR — The indoor air quality sensor accessory monitors space carbon dioxide (CO₂) levels. This information is used to monitor IAQ levels. Several types of sensors are available, for wall mounting in the space or in return duct, with and without LCD display, and in combination with space temperature sensors. Sensors use infrared technology to measure the levels of CO₂ present in the space air.

The CO₂ sensors are all factory set for a range of 0 to 2000 ppm and a linear mA output of 4 to 20. Refer to the instructions supplied with the CO₂ sensor for electrical requirements and terminal locations. See Fig. 55 for typical CO₂ sensor wiring schematic.

To accurately monitor the quality of the air in the conditioned air space, locate the sensor near a return-air grille (if present) so it senses the concentration of CO_2 leaving the space. The sensor should be mounted in a location to avoid direct breath contact.

Do not mount the IAQ sensor in drafty areas such as near supply ducts, open windows, fans, or over heat sources. Allow at least 3 ft (0.9 m) between the sensor and any corner. Avoid mounting the sensor where it is influenced by the supply air; the sensor gives inaccurate readings if the supply air is blown directly onto the sensor or if the supply air does not have a chance to mix with the room air before it is drawn into the return airstream.

Wiring the Indoor Air Quality Sensor — For each sensor, use two 2-conductor 18 AWG (American Wire Gage) twistedpair cables (unshielded) to connect the separate isolated 24 vac power source to the sensor and to connect the sensor to the RTU Open control board terminals.

To connect the sensor to the control, identify the positive (4 to 20 mA) and ground (SIG COM) terminals on the sensor. See Fig. 55. Connect the 4-20 mA terminal to the RTU Open controller at J4-2 and connect the SIG COM terminal to the RTU Open controller at J4-3. See Fig. 72.

IAQ Sensor

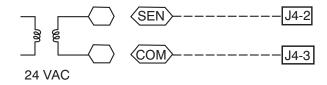


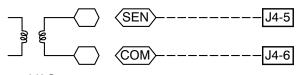
Fig. 72 — RTU Open Controller/Indoor CO₂ Sensor (33ZCSENCO2) Connections

OUTDOOR AIR QUALITY SENSOR (P/N 33ZCSENCO2 PLUS WEATHERPROOF ENCLOSURE) — The outdoor air CO₂ sensor is designed to monitor carbon dioxide (CO₂) levels in the outside ventilation air and interface with the ventilation damper in an HVAC system. The OAQ sensor is packaged with an outdoor cover. See Fig. 57. The outdoor air CO₂ sensor must be located in the economizer outside air hood.

Wiring the Outdoor Air CO_2 Sensor — A dedicated power supply is required for this sensor. A two-wire cable is required to wire the dedicated power supply for the sensor. The two wires should be connected to the power supply and terminals 1 and 2.

To connect the sensor to the control, identify the positive (4 to 20 mA) and ground (SIG COM) terminals on the OAQ sensor. See Fig. 55. Connect the 4 to 20 mA terminal to the RTU Open controller at J4—5. Connect the SIG COM terminal to the RTU Open controller at J4—6. See Fig. 73.

OAQ Sensor



24 VAC

Fig. 73 — RTU Open Controller/Outdoor CO₂ Sensor (33ZCSENCO2) Connections

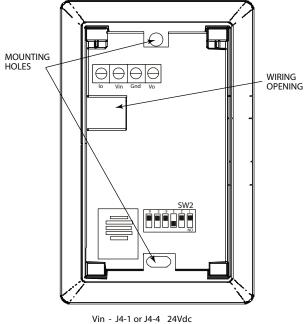
SPACE RELATIVE HUMIDITY SENSOR OR HUMIDI-STAT

<u>Humidi-MiZer® System Control Wiring</u> — In units equipped with the Humidi-MiZer option there are two pink (PNK) wires loose in the control box used to control the dehumidification function of the unit. These pink wires are meant to be tied to a space humidistat or thermidistat on an electromechanical unit. On RTU Open controller equipped units these pink wires must be connected to J11—7 and 8 to allow the Open board to operate the dehumidification function for the unit. Disconnect the J11 Phoenix style connector from the board and use the plug screws to secure the pink wires in pins 7 and 8, reconnect the plug to the board at J11.

<u>Relative Humidity Sensors (Space or Duct Mounted)</u> — The accessory space humidity sensor (33ZCSENSRH-01) or duct humidity sensor (33ZCSENDRH-01) is used to measure the relative humidity of air within the space or return air duct. The RH reading is used to control the Humidi-MiZer option of the rooftop unit. For wiring distances up to 500 ft (152 m), use a 3-conductor, 18 or 20 AWG shielded cable. The shield must be removed from the sensor end of the cable and grounded at the unit end. The current loop power for sensor is provided by the RTU Open controller as 24vdc. Refer to the instructions supplied with the RH sensor for the electrical requirements and terminal locations. RTU Open controller configurations must be changed after adding an RH sensor. See Fig. 74 and 75 for typical RH sensor wiring.

- J4—1 or J4—4 = 24vdc loop power
- J4-2 or J4-5 = 4-20 mA signal input

NOTE: The factory default for dehumidification control is normally open humidistat.



lo - J4-2 or J4-5 -20mA output

Fig. 74 — Space Relative Humidity Sensor Typical Wiring

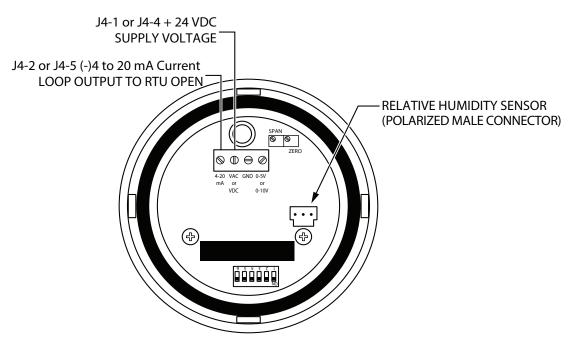


Fig. 75 — Duct Relative Humidity Sensor Typical Wiring

<u>Humidistat</u> — The accessory humidistat provides the RTU Open controller insight to the relative humidity in the space. The humidistat reads the RH level in the space and compares it to its setpoint to operate a dry contact. The humidistat is a dedicated input on the configurable input 9 and tells the RTU Open controller when the RH level is HIGH or LOW. The normal condition for humidity is LOW. A normally open humidistat is the factory default control for the Humidi-MiZer[®] system option.

To wire in the field:

- J5-8 = 24 VAC source for dry contact
- J5—7 = Signal input

SMOKE DETECTOR/FIRE SHUTDOWN (FSD) — On 50HC units equipped with factory-installed Smoke Detector(s), the smoke detector controller implements the unit shutdown through its NC contact set connected to the unit's CTB input. The FSD function is initiated via the smoke detector's Alarm NO contact set. The RTU Open controller communicates the smoke detector's tripped status to the BAS building control. See Fig. 67 and 68, the RTU Open Controller wiring schematics.

CONNECTING DISCRETE INPUTS

<u>Filter Status</u> — The filter status accessory is a field-installed accessory. This accessory detects plugged filters. When installing this accessory, the unit must be configured for filter status by setting $MENU \rightarrow Config \rightarrow Inputs \rightarrow input 3$, 5, 8, or 9 to Filter Status and normally open (N/O) or normally closed (N/C). Input 8 or 9 is recommended for ease of installation. Refer to Fig. 66 and Fig. 67 or 68 for wire terminations at J5.

<u>Fan Status</u> — The fan status accessory is a field-installed accessory. This accessory detects when the indoor fan is blowing air. When installing this accessory, the unit must be configured for fan status by setting **MENU** \rightarrow **Config** \rightarrow **Inputs** \rightarrow **input 3**, **5**, **8**, or **9** to Fan Status and normally open (N/O) or normally closed (N/C). Input 8 or 9 is recommended for easy of installation. Refer to Fig. 66 and Fig. 67 or 68 for wire terminations at J5.

<u>Remote Occupancy</u> — The remote occupancy accessory is a field-installed accessory. This accessory overrides the unoccupied mode and puts the unit in occupied mode. When installing

this accessory, the unit must be configured for remote occupancy by setting $MENU \rightarrow Config \rightarrow Inputs \rightarrow input 3, 5, 8, or 9$ to Remote Occupancy and normally open (N/O) or normally closed (N/C).

Also set **MENU** -> **Schedules** -> **occupancy source** to DI on/ off. Input 8 or 9 is recommended for ease of installation. Refer to Fig. 66 and Table 23 for wire terminations at J5.

<u>Power Exhaust (output)</u> — The relay used by the RTU Open controller board to control power exhaust is a dry contact which means it does not have 24vac. This 24vac must be connected to the relay to allow it to operate the power exhaust relay in the PE accessory. A 24vac source must be provided to J11—2 on the RTU Open controller board. This can be provided by the unit's transformer from various sources. The "R" terminal on the unit's low voltage terminal board (LVTB) is a logical source. Refer to Fig. 66 and Fig. 67 or 68 for wire terminations at J11.

Communication Wiring – Protocols

GENERAL — Protocols are the communication languages spoken by control devices. The main purpose of a protocol is to communicate information in the most efficient method possible. Different protocols exist to provide different kinds of information for different applications. In the BAS application, many different protocols are used, depending on manufacturer. Protocols do not change the function of a controller; just make the front end user different.

The RTU Open controller can be set to communicate on four different protocols: BACnet, Modbus, N2, and LonWorks. Switch 3 (SW3) on the board is used to set protocol and baud rate. Switches 1 and 2 (SW1 and SW2) are used to set the board's network address. See Fig. 76 and 77 for protocol switch settings and address switches. The third party connection to the RTU Open controller is through plug J19. See Fig. 78 for wiring.

NOTE: Power must be cycled after changing the SW1–3 switch settings.

Refer to the RTU Open Controller Integration Guide or more detailed information on protocols, third party wiring, and networking.

SW3 Protocol Selection

PROTOCOL	DS8	DS7	DS6	DS5	DS4	DS3	DS2	DS1
BACnet MS/TP (Master)	Unused	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	Select Baud	Select Baud
Modbus (Slave)	Unused	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	Select Baud	Select Baud
N2 (Slave)	Unused	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
LonWorks	Unused	ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF

NOTE:

DS = Dip Switch

BACnet MS/TP SW3 example shown

Baud Rate Selections

BAUD RATE	DS2	DS1
9600	OFF	OFF
19,200	ON	OFF
38,400	OFF	ON
76,800	ON	ON

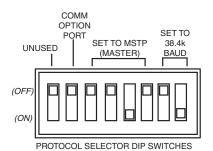


Fig. 76 — RTU Open Controller SW3 Dip Switch Settings

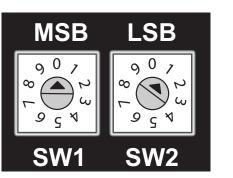


Fig. 77 — RTU Open Controller Address Switches

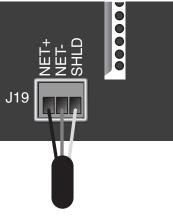


Fig. 78 — Network Wiring

LOCAL ACCESS

WALL MOUNTED EQUIPMENT TOUCH[™] INTER-FACE — The Equipment Touch interface is a wall mounted interface used to connect to the RTU Open controller to access the control information, read sensor values, and maintenance. This is an accessory interface that does not come with the RTU Open controller. You wire the Equipment Touch interface to the RTU Open controller's J13 local access port. There are 2 password protected levels in the display (User and Admin). See the Equipment Touch Installation and Setup Guide for more information. See Appendix A for navigation and screen content.

FIELD ASSISTANT — Field Assistant is a computer program included with the purchase of the Tech Tool Kit (USB-TKIT). This is a field Tech Tool to set-up, service, or download application software to the RTU Open controller and includes a USB Link Cable. The link cable connects a USB port to the J12 local access port. See Fig. 79.

RTU OPEN CONTROLLER TROUBLESHOOTING

<u>Communication LEDs</u> — The LEDs indicate if the controller is speaking to the devices on the network. The LEDs should reflect communication traffic based on the baud rate set. The higher the baud rate the more solid the LEDs will appear. See Table 24.

NOTE: Refer to the RTU Open Multi-Protocol Controller Controls, Start-Up, Operation and Troubleshooting manual for complete configuration of the RTU Open controller, operating sequences and troubleshooting information. Refer to the RTU Open Controller Integration Guide for details on configuration and troubleshooting of connected networks. Have a copy of these manuals available at unit start-up.

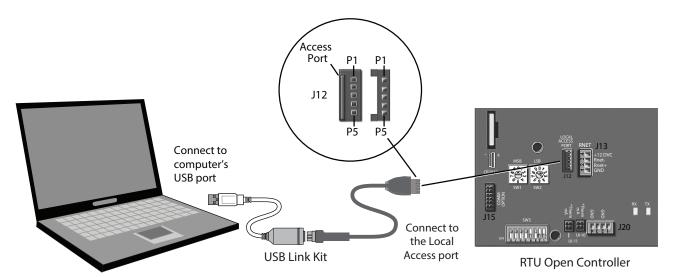


Fig. 79 — PC Running Field Assistant

Table 24 — LEDs

The LEDs on the RTU Open Control Board (see Fig. 66) show the status of certain functions

· · · ·				
If this LED is on	Status is			
Power	The RTU Open controller has power			
Rx	The RTU Open controller is receiving data from the network segment			
Тх	The RTU Open controller is transmitting data over the network segment			
DO#	The digital output is active			
The Run and Error LEDs indic	ate control module and network status			
If Run LED shows	And Error LED shows	Status is		
2 flashes per second	Off	Normal		
2 flashes per second	2 flashes, alternating with Run LED	Five minute auto-restart delay after system error		
2 flashes per second	3 flashes, then off	Control module has just been formatted		
2 flashes per second	4 flashes, then pause	Two or more devices on this network have the same ARC156 network address		
2 flashes per second	On	Exec halted after frequent system errors or control pro grams halted		
5 flashes per second	On	Exec start-up aborted, Boot is running		
5 flashes per second	Off	Firmware transfer in progress, Boot is running		
7 flashes per second	7 flashes per second, alternating with Run LED	Ten second recovery period after brownout		
14 flashes per second	14 flashes per second, alternating with Run LED	Brownout		
On	On	Failure. Try the following solutions: · Turn the RTU Open controller off, then on. · Format the RTU Open controller. · Download memory to the RTU Open controller. · Replace the RTU Open controller.		

Outdoor Air Enthalpy Control (P/N 33CSENTHSW) — The enthalpy control (33CSENTHSW) is available as a field-installed accessory to be used with the EconoMi\$er 2 damper system. The outdoor air enthalpy sensor is part of the enthalpy control. (The separate field-installed accessory return air enthalpy sensor (33CSENT-SEN) is required for differential enthalpy control. See Fig. 80.)

Locate the enthalpy control in the economizer next to the Actuator Motor. Locate two GRA leads in the factory harness and connect the gray lead labeled "ESL" to the terminal labeled "LOW." See Fig. 80. Connect the enthalpy control power input terminals to economizer actuator power leads RED (connect to 24V) and BLK (connect to GND).

The outdoor enthalpy changeover setpoint is set at the enthalpy controller.

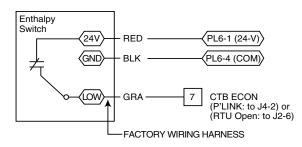


Fig. 80 — Enthalpy Switch (33CSENTHSW) Connections

DIFFERENTIAL ENTHALPY CONTROL — Differential enthalpy control is provided by sensing and comparing the outside air and return air enthalpy conditions. Install the outdoor air enthalpy control as described above. Add and install a return air enthalpy sensor (see Fig. 81).

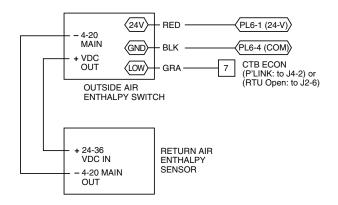


Fig. 81 — Outside and Return Air Enthalpy Sensor Wiring

To wire the return air enthalpy sensor, perform the following:

- 1. Use a 2-conductor, 18 or 20 AWG, twisted pair cable to connect the return air enthalpy sensor to the enthalpy controller.
- 2. Connect the field-supplied RED wire to (+) spade connector on the return air enthalpy sensor and the (+) terminal on the enthalpy controller. Connect the BLK wire to (-) spade connector on the return air enthalpy sensor and the (-) terminal on the enthalpy controller.

Smoke Detectors — Smoke detectors are available as factory-installed options on 50HC models. Smoke detectors may be specified for Supply Air only or for Return Air without or with economizer or in combination of Supply Air and Return Air. Return Air smoke detectors are arranged for vertical return configurations only. The unit is factory-configured for immediate smoke detector shutdown operation; additional wiring or modifications to unit terminal board may be necessary to complete the unit and smoke detector configuration to meet project requirements.

RETURN AIR SENSOR TUBE INSTALLATION — The return air sampling tube is shipped in the unit's supply fan section, attached to the blower housing (see Fig. 82. Its operating location is in the return air section of the unit (see Fig. 83, unit without economizer, or Fig. 84, unit with economizer), inserted into the return air sensor module housing which protrudes through the back of the control box.

To install the return air sensor sampling tube:

- 1. Remove the tube from its shipping location.
- 2. Open the unit end to access the return air sensor (located on right-hand partition)
- 3. Orient the tube's sampling holes into the return air flow direction. For vertical application, position the sampling holes on the bottom of the tube, facing into the bottom return duct opening. For horizontal application, position the sampling holes on the side of the tube, facing the unit's end panel.
- 4. Insert the sampling tube into the return air sensor module until the tube snaps into position.
- 5. Replace end panel or outside air hood.

SMOKE DETECTOR TEST MAGNET — Locate the magnet; it is shipped in the control box area.

ADDITIONAL APPLICATION DATA — Refer to the Factory-Installed Smoke Detectors for Small and Medium Rooftop Units 2-25 Tons application data for discussions on additional control features of these smoke detectors including multiple unit coordination.

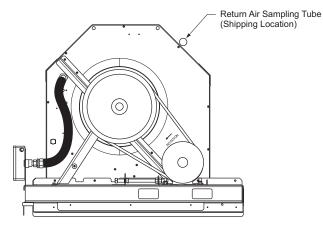


Fig. 82 — Typical Supply Air Smoke Detector Sensor Location

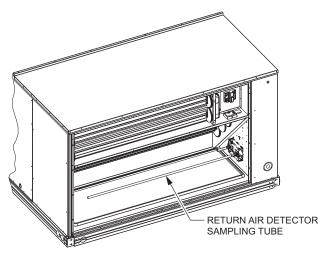


Fig. 83 — Return Air Sampling Tube Location in Unit without Economizer

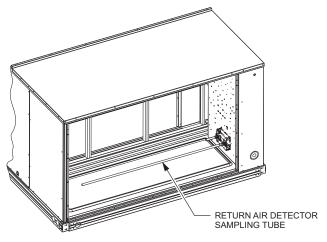


Fig. 84 — Return Air Sampling Tube Location in Unit with Economizer

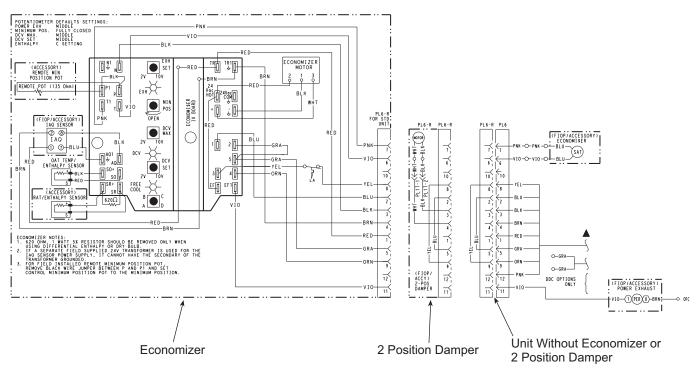


Fig. 85 — EconoMi\$er® IV Wiring

Step 11 — Adjust Factory-Installed Options

ECONOMI\$ER IV OCCUPANCY SWITCH — Refer to Fig. 85 for general EconoMi\$er IV wiring. External occupancy control is managed through a connection on the Central Terminal Board.

If external occupancy control is desired, connect a time clock or remotely controlled switch (closed for Occupied, open for Unoccupied sequence) at terminals marked OCCUPANCY on CTB. Remove or cut jumper JMP 2 to complete the installation.

Step 12 — Install Accessories — Available accessories include:

- Roof Curb
- Thru-base connection kit (must be installed before unit is set on curb)
- LP conversion kit
- Manual outside air damper
- Two-Position motorized outside air damper
- EconoMi\$er® IV (with control and integrated barometric relief)
- EconoMi\$er 2 (without control/for external signal and integrated barometric relief)
- Power Exhaust
- Differential dry-bulb sensor (EconoMi\$er IV)
- Outdoor enthalpy sensor
- Differential enthalpy sensor
- Electric Heaters
- Single Point Kits
- Low Ambient Controls
- Thermostat/Sensors

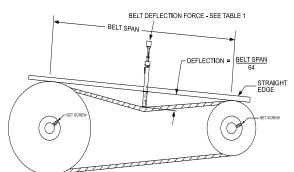
- CO₂ sensor
- DDC interface (PremierLink controller)
- · Louvered hail guard
- Phase monitor control
- Winter Start kit

Refer to separate installation instructions for information on installing these accessories.

Step 13 — **Check Belt Tension** — Measure the belt span length as shown in Fig. 86. Calculate the required deflection by multiplying the belt span length by $1/_{64}$. For example, if the belt span length is 32 inches: $32 \times 1/_{64} = 1/_2$ inch deflection. BELT FORCE — DEFLECTION METHOD — Check the belt tension with a spring-force belt force deflection gauge (available from drive belt manufacturer).

- 1. Place a straightedge along the belt between the two pulleys. Measure the distance between the motor shaft and the blower shaft.
- 2. Set the tension gauge to the desired tension (see Table 1 in Fig. 86). Place the large O-ring at that point.
- 3. Press the tension checker downward on the belt until the large O-ring is at the bottom of the straightedge.
- 4. Adjust the belt tension as needed.

Adjust belt tension by loosing the motor mounting plate front bolts and rear bolt (see Fig. 87) and slide the plate towards the fan (to reduce tension) or away from the fan (to increase tension). Ensure the blower shaft and motor shaft are parallel to each other (pulleys aligned). Tighten all bolts securely when finished.



TORQUE ALL SHEAVE SET SCREWS TO 110-130 IN LBS.

DELT	SMALLEST SHEAVE DIAMETER	BELT DEFLECTION FORCE (LBS)			
BELT CROSS SECTION		UNNOTCHED BELTS		NOTCHED BELTS	
		USED	NEW	USED	NEW
A, AX	3.0-3.6	3.7	5.5	4.1	6.1
	3.8-4.8	4.5	6.8	5.0	7.4
	5.0-7.0	5.4	8.0	5.7	8.4
B, BX	3.4-4.2	—	-	4.9	7.2
	4.4-5.6	5.3	7.9	7.1	10.5
	5.8-8.6	6.3	9.4	8.5	12.6
Table 1					
BELT CONDITION		TENSION FORCE IN BELT (LBS)			
New		100			
Used		80			
Table 0					

Table 2

Fig. 86 — V-Belt Force Label

BELT TENSION METHOD — Requires belt tension gauge that measures tension in belt in units of lbs force.

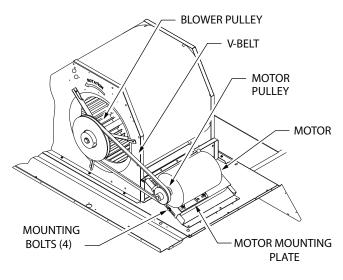


Fig. 87 — Belt Drive Motor Mounting

Pre-Start and Start-Up — This completes the mechanical installation of the unit. Refer to the unit's Service and Maintenance manual for detailed Pre-Start and Start-Up instructions.

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START-UP CHECKLIST (Remove and use for job file)

NOTE: To avoid injury to personnel and damage to equipment or property when completing the procedures listed in this start-up checklist, use good judgment, follow safe practices, and adhere to the safety considerations/information as outlined in preceding sections of this Installation Instructions document.

I. PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

_____ SERIAL NO.: _____

DATE: _____

TECHNICIAN:

II. PRE-START-UP (insert checkmark in box as each item is completed)

- □ VERIFY THAT JOBSITE VOLTAGE AGREES WITH VOLTAGE LISTED ON RATING PLATE
- □ VERIFY THAT ALL PACKAGING MATERIALS HAVE BEEN REMOVED FROM UNIT
- □ REMOVE ALL SHIPPING HOLD DOWN BOLTS AND BRACKETS PER INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS
- □ VERIFY THAT CONDENSATE CONNECTION IS INSTALLED PER INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS
- □ CHECK REFRIGERANT PIPING FOR INDICATIONS OF LEAKS; INVESTIGATE AND REPAIR IF NECESSARY
- □ CHECK ALL ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS AND TERMINALS FOR TIGHTNESS
- □ CHECK THAT RETURN (INDOOR) AIR FILTERS ARE CLEAN AND IN PLACE
- □ CHECK THAT OUTDOOR AIR INLET SCREENS ARE IN PLACE
- □ VERIFY THAT UNIT INSTALLATION IS LEVEL
- □ CHECK FAN WHEELS AND PROPELLER FOR LOCATION IN HOUSING/ORIFICE AND SETSCREW TIGHTNESS
- □ CHECK TO ENSURE THAT ELECTRICAL WIRING IS NOT IN CONTACT WITH REFRIGERANT LINES OR SHARP METAL EDGES
- □ CHECK PULLEY ALIGNMENT AND BELT TENSION PER INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

III. START-UP (REFER TO UNIT SERVICE/MAINTENANCE MANUAL FOR START--UP INSTRUCTIONS) ELECTRICAL

SUPPLY VOLTAGE	L1-L2	L2-L3	L3-L1	
CIRCUIT 1 COMPRESSOR AMPS	L1	L2	L3	
CIRCUIT 2 COMPRESSOR AMPS	L1	L2	L3	
INDOOR FAN AMPS				
OUTDOOR FAN AMPS	NO. 1	NO. 2	NO. 3	
	NO. 4	NO. 5	NO. 6	
TEMPERATURES				
OUTDOOR-AIR TEMPERATURE		DB	WB	
RETURN-AIR TEMPERATURE		DB	WB	
COOLING SUPPLY AIR		DB	WB	

PRESSURES

REFRIGERANT SUCTION, CIRCUIT 1	PSIG	°F
REFRIGERANT SUCTION, CIRCUIT 2	PSIG	°F
REFRIGERANT DISCHARGE, CIRCUIT 1	PSIG	°F
REFRIGERANT DISCHARGE, CIRCUIT 2	PSIG	°F

□ VERIFY THAT 3-PHASE FAN MOTOR AND BLOWER ARE ROTATING IN CORRECT DIRECTION

- □ VERIFY THAT 3-PHASE SCROLL COMPRESSOR IS ROTATING IN THE CORRECT DIRECTION
- □ VERIFY REFRIGERANT CHARGE USING CHARGING CHARTS

GENERAL

□ SET ECONOMIZER MINIMUM VENT AND CHANGEOVER SETTINGS TO MATCH JOB REQUIREMENTS (IF EQUIPPED)

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